

This Paper Consists of Two Sections—SECTION ONE. Even if You Have Registered You Can Still Enlist in the Navy or Regular Army

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MOVE TO IMPEACH MAYOR

COUNCIL OUSTS NEW SCHOOL BOARD; OVERRIDES BIG BILL

WILSON PLANS BIG FIGHT ON WAR PROFITS

Program May Result in a Contest with Advisers.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., June 22.—[Special]—With Congress beginning to assail the industrial magnates, who as members of the advisory commission of the council of national defense advise the administration on the purchase of the products of their own companies, a row is developing between big business and the government in which President Wilson soon will be compelled to take a hand.

From administration sources to-night emanates the information that the president intends to take action restricting the activities of these official advisers of the government in attempting to obtain fancy prices for war supplies furnished by their own and other companies in each line of business.

SOME OF DAY'S MOVES.

Here are the principal developments of the day in this situation:

The senate committee on interstate commerce decided to investigate the difficulties of getting raw materials at reasonable prices with a view to determining whether the president shall be authorized by law to commander and operate coal, copper, lead, and other mineral mines and oil wells.

Senator Borah offered, as an amendment to the food control bill, a provision that the trade commission be directed to fix reasonable prices not only for war supplies needed by the government but for food and farm implements and fertilizers.

Representative Good of Iowa, pointing out that the coal committee of the council of national defense is controlled by the ten largest coal operators in the country, sought unsuccessfully to amend the food control bill with a provision limiting the price of coal to that prevailing on July 1, 1916, plus increased cost of production and transportation.

RENT STAND OF PEABODY.

Developments in the shipping board over the price of steel indicated that an investigation soon will be undertaken either by congress or the trade commission and that steel plants may be commanded by the government.

The growing antagonism between big business, entrenched in the council of national defense, and the government was further accentuated during the day. The trade commission took umbrage at the rejection of its coal production and transportation pooling recommendation by the council's coal committee, of which Francis S. Peabody is chairman, and the majority of its members big coal operators.

Bernard Baruch of the council's advisory commission, who named his secretary of the Navy Daniels as a member of the council's cement committee, composed of the presidents of the five largest Portland cement plants in the country.

He's objecting to the price of copper, approved by the council's commission on copper, composed of eight of the chief officials of the biggest copper concerns in the country. He refused to pay the price for steel, approved by the steel trust magnates, who compose the council's committee on steel. He also rejected the coal price approved by Peabody.

Practically all of the council's committees are composed of the men whose companies will furnish the major portion of war supplies to the government.

Speaking in support of his coal price amendment Representative Good of Iowa said to the house:

"I am in favor of this bill. I am in

GEN. PERSHING TO HOLD CENTER OF LONG BATTLE LINE

Sector Near St. Quentin Picked for Troops from America.

(By a Staff Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., June 22.—[Special]—The American army in France will occupy a position south of St. Quentin, between the French and British armies. The exact location and extent of front to be held by the United States forces will be decided by Gen. Pershing in consultation with the French war office.

It was learned today that the French war mission to the United States recommended the position to be taken by the American troops, there being only four sectors available for an independent command. These were: Along the Swiss-Franco-German front, the Belgian front next to the sea, the Belgian front contiguous to the British lines, and the front between the British and French commands.

Will Have Own Transport.

There are two reasons entering into the selection of a front for the American army separate from either the French or British army, these being the necessity for an independent command and the necessity for an independent source of supply.

By taking a position between the French and British forces, the American command will be supreme on its front, in the same manner and to the same degree that the British army is independent and it will have its own transport and lines of communication in its bases without interference with or from either the British or the French commands.

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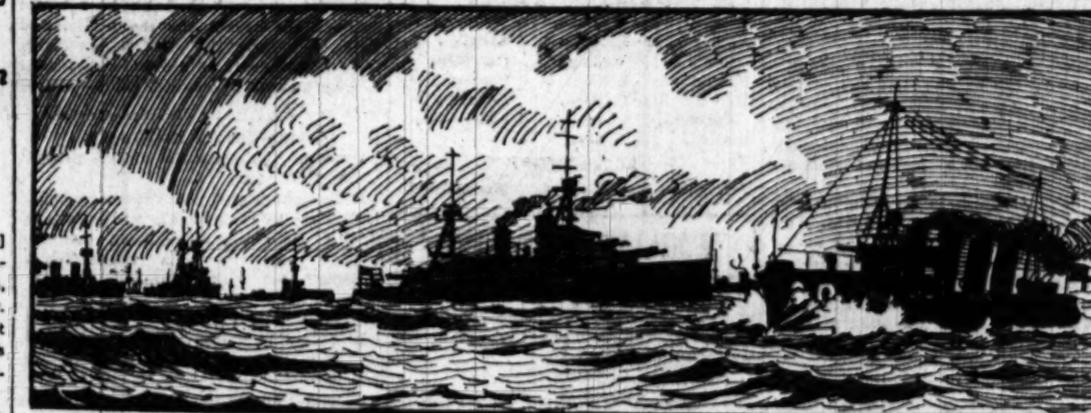
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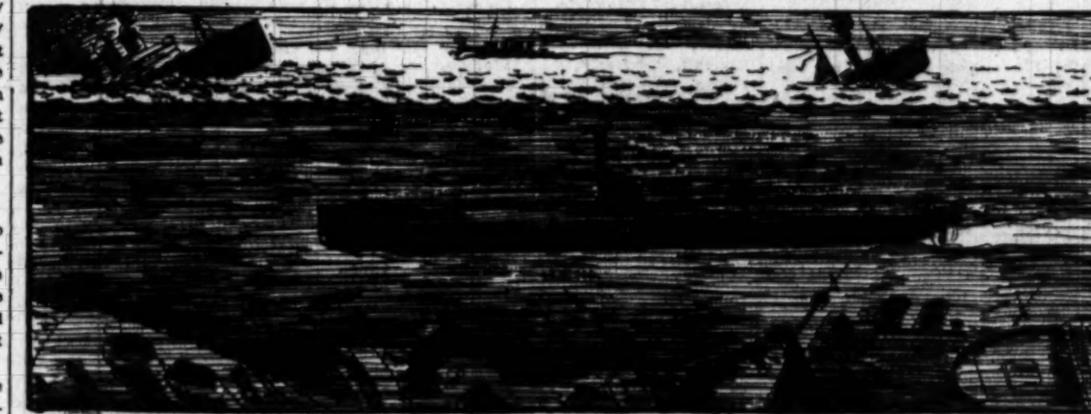
(Continued on page 4, column 7.)

AMERICAN INVENTIONS

(Copyright: 1917, By John T. McCutcheon.)



Britannia Rules the Waves with an American Invention—The Ironclad.



Germany Mis-Rules the Deep with an American Invention—The Submarine.



America Should Rule the Air with an American Invention—The Airplane.

THE WAR

UNITED STATES.

President prepares to fight "big business" to prevent exorbitant prices on war supplies, even if he must oppose some of his volunteer advisers.

American steamer sinks U-boat. Three of nineteen shells hit mark.

ABROAD.

Paris reports repulse of heavy German attacks on the Chemin des Dames. In the attack, which was along a front of one and a quarter miles, the Germans only at one point succeeded in penetrating the French defenses.

London reports repulse of hostile raiders east of Epehy. German attacks on Guillemont farm posts also repelled.

Rome reports successes against the Austrians in the Dolomites region and on the Carso plateau.

THE WEATHER.

SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1917.

Sunrise, 4:15; sunset, 7:30. Moon sets at 10:30 p.m.

TRINITY BARTON.

Unsettled Saturday, showers and thunderstorms.

Unsettled Sunday morning and by night in south portion; Sunday unsettled: cooler in south and west portions; warmer in northeast portion.

Moderate to fresh southwest winds.

THE TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO.

(Last 24 hours.)

Maximum, 8 a. m. 67

Minimum, 6:00 p. m. 49

8 a. m. 67 11 a. m. 53

8 a. m. 65 Noon 53

8 a. m. 63 1 p. m. 63

8 a. m. 62 2 p. m. 58

8 a. m. 67 3 p. m. 59

8 a. m. 67 11 p. m. 58

8 a. m. 58 4 p. m. 60

8 a. m. 57 5 p. m. 60

8 a. m. 57 6 p. m. 59

8 a. m. 56 7 p. m. 59

8 a. m. 56 8 p. m. 59

8 a. m. 56 9 p. m. 59

8 a. m. 56 10 p. m. 59

8 a. m. 56 11 p. m. 59

8 a. m. 56

Mean temperature for 24 hours, 67.

64, normal for the day, 68. Deficiency.

Deficiency for 94 hours to 7 p. m., trace.

Deficiency since Jan. 4, 9.64 inches.

Wind, N. E.; maximum velocity, 32 miles an hour; at 8:10 p. m.

Relative humidity, 7 a. m., 54; 7 p. m., 75.

For complete weather report see page 17.

W. R. P.

AUTO HITS CAR, BUSINESS MAN AND 3 GIRLS HURT

Three Victims of South Side Crash May Not Survive.

Four persons were injured, three probably fatally, early this morning when a street car crashed into an automobile at Forty-seventh street and Drexel boulevard. Those hurt are:

EDWARD A. ROBERTSON, owner and driver of the automobile; skull believed fractured; internal injuries; may die. Taken to the Washington Park hospital.

MISS GERTRUDE JOHNSON, internal injuries; may die.

MISS FLORENCE ROBINS, bruised and cut; arm injured.

MISS LOUISE LANDEE, internal injuries; may die.

The women were taken to the Illinois Central hospital. Miss Robins and Miss Landee live at 4105 Ellis avenue. Miss Johnson lives at 840 South Paulina street.

ROBERTSON, who is treasurer of Robertson Brothers' Manufacturing company at 1636 West Thirty-seventh street, was driving the car north in Drexel boulevard when it was struck by the street car.

THE AUTOMOBILE was hurled against the curbstone and the occupants thrown to the street. Robertson's head struck on the pavement and the young woman landed near the curb.

Robertson, the hospital, denied knowing the girl's name. His home is at 2225 Irving avenue. He is 32 years old.

Miss Johnson is a typist, 24; Miss Robins a saleswoman, 26; and Miss Landee a saleswoman, 28.

No other money will be paid out for any purpose until the situation is understood.

When Mr. Davis and Mr. Miller signed the checks, said John J. Sonney, attorney for City Treasurer Smith, "they were to do the officers of the board, and their signatures will hold good. A new situation is now presented, however, and the city treasurer will wait until there is some settlement before paying out any more." A decision is possible, within ten days.

THE TRIBUNE: I subscribed for three

\$100 Liberty bonds. I hereby pledge the annual interest, namely \$10.00, to

the Chicago chapter, American Red Cross. I hope that this will set the pace for thousands of others for so

worthy a cause.

To THE TRIBUNE: I am going out to get some hunk now and I won't be back for some time."

The mayor did not return to his office.

LATE NEWS BULLETINS

AMSTERDAM, June 22.—Capt. Eichler, formerly a commander on the Hamburg-American liners Imperator and Vaterland, perished in the destruction of the Zeppelin Z-48 over England last Sunday, according to the Leipziger Neueste Nachrichten. Capt. Eichler was the leader of the airship squadron of which the Z-48, commanded by Capt. Victor Schuetz, was the flag-ship.

Capt. Eichler took part in many air raids against England. When the Z-48 was shot down in flames, all on board were lost.

—

LONDON, June 23.—Announcement is made that Lieut. Gen. Robert G. Broadwood has died of wounds received in action. He fought with the Dardanelles expeditionary force in 1895, in the Egyptian war in 1898, and in South Africa in the Boer war. He had received numerous medals for his brilliant services and frequently was also mentioned in dispatches.

—

LONDON, June 22.—A group of anarchists having recently seized the country house of Gen. Durnov, in a suburb of Viborg, Minister of Justice Perevezoff today ordered its evacuation. In opposition to this order thousands of workmen from a half dozen adjacent factories surrounded the house, many of them armed with rifles, and their spokesmen declared they would defend the anarchists against the government and that bloodshed would follow if force was employed to oust the occupants of the building.

After the publication of an appeal by the soldiers' and workmen's delegates to the working population of Viborg, the provisional government warned the anarchists that the force of arms would be invoked unless those holding Gen. Durnov's house immediately yield to the evacuation

—

AN UNPREDICTED move aimed at you is under consideration by Ald. Kenney," he was informed.

HOT SHOT FIRED BY ALDERMEN IN OVERTHROWING MAYOR AS SCHOOL CZAR

stand approved. The right of every member is to have a roll call.

Here there were cries of "Roll call!"

THE MAYOR-The chair has ruled that the ayes have it and the minutes stand approved.

ALD. A. A. M'CORMICK-We have a right to have a roll call for that. We have a right to roll call under the rules. You are simply a dummy here, and we want a roll call. We have a right to be heard; you cannot take our right from us.

THE MAYOR-The chair has ruled that the minutes stand approved.

ALD. A. A. M'CORMICK-I don't care how the chair rules. I appeal from the decision of the chair.

ALD. SCHWARTZ-I second the motion to appeal.

THE MAYOR-We will proceed with the regular order of business and the aldermen will conduct themselves properly.

At this juncture there were many cries of "Roll call!" and much confusion.

The clerk began to read a communication from the mayor in regard to the appointment of a superintendent of the house of correction. All the time there were cries of "Roll call!"

The communication was referred for one week under the rule.

"Have the Aldermen Eight?"

ALD. BLOCK-Mr. President, are the members of the council going to have the right to roll call?

THE MAYOR-The members of this council will conduct themselves under the rules and the order of business and the chair will proceed.

ALD. BLOCK-The members of this council will conduct themselves fairly and honorably if the president does.

ALD. SCHWARTZ-Mr. President!

THE MAYOR-For what purpose does the alderman rise?

ALD. SCHWARTZ-I have a motion to state, and I wish to state it and you can rule on it. I move that at this time the council go into committee of the whole to consider the action of the president. He has refused to put a motion which the members have called for, and I believe that by his refusal to act the chair is vacant.

THE MAYOR-I rule that you are out of order. The clerk will proceed.

ALD. SCHWARTZ-I appeal from the decision of the chair.

Appeal from Chair.

THE MAYOR-The clerk will proceed. ALD. BLOCK-Mr. President, a point of information.

THE MAYOR-The chair will recognize the alderman in due time and you will have your opportunity, as you always do, but the chair is going to provide time in accordance with the rules and regulations.

ALD. BLOCK-That is the condition that I want now, and I rise to a point of information.

THE MAYOR-The clerk will proceed.

CULLERTON TO THE RESCUE

Here "Honest Ed" Cullerton tried to come to the rescue of the mayor by a motion that "we proceed with the regular order."

The clerk here read a matter of business pertaining to the local transportation committee.

ALD. BLOCK-Mr. President, a point of information on this subject.

ALD. SCHWARTZ-What is it, committee of fiscal transactions?

ALD. BLOCK-An alderman has the right at any time to be heard.

The mayor, disregarding Block, ordered the clerk to continue reading. The clerk read a communication from the Guardians of Liberty, which, on motion of Ald. Rodriguez, was referred to the committee on judiciary.

Block Resumes.

Then Ald. Block resumed: "Mr. President, is it possible to get information from the chair? I want to get the information."

The mayor continued to ignore the demands of Block and the clerk took up the matter of the bond of Joseph Simon as superintendent of the house of correction.

ALD. A. A. M'CORMICK-I move that he referred to the finance committee understand that was part of the price that was paid to put through this school deal.

ALD. HEALY-I move that the council concur in the adoption of the bond by roll call.

The roll call was started.

And Yet Again.

ALD. BLOCK-Mr. President, a point of information. I want to ask: has an alderman the right to be heard when he wants to be heard? I will be glad to proceed in the work of this council, as in the past, if I am sure that a matter of unfinished business, just as it was left at our last meeting, will be taken up and you will recognize me.

ALD. BLOCK-was the sure shot; Ald. Wallace missed fire.

Several Follow Mayor.

The motion departed by the west door of the chamber, and the number of city employees at his heels. Corporation Counsel Etelson moved at first as if to follow, then reconsidered without the formality of a motion.

ALD. BLOCK-was again ignored and was silent until the roll call on Simon's confirmation reached his name. Then he said again:

"Mr. President, a point of information."

ALD. MICHAELSON-Mr. President, not rousing this whole thing.

ALD. MICHAELSON-The gentleman is not speaking to the motion.

THE MAYOR-The point of order is well taken. How do you vote, aldermen?

Gets His Chance.

ALD. BLOCK-I shall vote "aye" on this proposition, but I just wanted you to know indirectly, so that you would have me in a chance to explain that you are not rousing the city hall; I wanted simply to get some information from you, and you would not give it to me.

THE CLERK-How do you vote, aldermen?

ALD. BLOCK-Aye.

The roll call continued and the mayor announced Kunk's confirmation. The votes of Ald. Block, Nance, and McCormick were made under protest. Block again asked his motion to reconsider be brought up.

"That's all right," said the mayor pointedly, "won't you take up the committee report?"

"I'm suspicious," answered Block, and McCormick jumped to his feet.

"I made a motion," he began, "that when we adjourn we adjourn at 6 o'clock this evening. If this isn't done an attempt will be made here to adjourn before we get a chance to vote on this matter."

KUNK SEES CONTROVERSY

ALD. KUNK-Mr. President, with the consent of the council I would like to make one motion. It seems there is a controversy on the school question. I would move that the corporation committee, in connection with reference to the matter of the vote, adjourn.

ALD. BLOCK-Mr. President.

ALD. KUNK-We might as well settle this. Let us get down to business and

RESIGNATION-IMPEACHMENT-RELIEF

Orgy of Resolutions and Orders Against Mayor, Loeb and Police Ends Stormy Council Session on Schools.

such impeachment. Said committee to report its findings within one week to the city council.

The Doyle resolution asking for McCormick's resignation was signed by Ald. William Hale Thompson, Ald. W. J. Rodriguez, Thomas M. Lynch, John C. Kennedy, George M. Maypole, and Joseph Higgins Smith. It read:

"Resolved, That it be the sense of the city council that Jacob M. Loeb should resign his membership on the board of education so that the present controversy over the schools of our city, may be terminated and the way be opened for the appointment of a new board of education, in which all the people of Chicago may have confidence."

Ald. McCormick's order, directing withdrawal of the miniature police force from the board of education, was as follows:

"Whereas, the mayor, the mayor, William Hale Thompson, at a meeting of the city council, directed the members of the city council making a motion incident to the adjournment of regular business, and

"Whereas, he has refused to order roll call when demanded by members of the city council, and

"Whereas, the mayor of the city of Chicago has refused to act as presiding officer and has left the council chambers, therefore it is

"Resolved, That it be the sense of this council that William Hale Thompson tender his resignation as mayor of the city of Chicago."

A joint order from Ald. Kennedy and Kerner bearing on probable impeachment proceedings read:

"Ordered, That the city council committee on judiciary be directed to hereby directed to ascertain if the mayor has been guilty of any omission of duty, or if he has been willfully and corruptly guilty of oppression, malfeasance, or misfeasance in the discharge of the duties of his office and the legal grounds on which it would be possible to impeach the mayor and also the procedure which should be followed to bring about

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"Whereas, fifty policemen have been sent to the room of the board of education, and,

"Whereas, there is no necessity for their presence, therefore it is

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OL CZAR YOR SENDS 50 LICE TO HOLD SCHOOL OFFICES

Loeb's Strategy
Fails He Buys the
Cigars.

toward the close of a peaceful session the school board's rooms were more than fifty policemen slipped through the throng in the Tribune building session board. At that time there was no intimation of the stirring scenes and ringing of a telephone in the city hall enclosure corner of the office. Loeb, president of the board, at that telephone, in after communication with his friends, telephoned Captain Etelson at night he had advised the mayor to do men detailed at the board to prevent the members of the from taking possession. Mr. Loeb said he would advise retaining

Tactical Advantage.
Now, we are in and they are in the corporation counsel. "We are to sue to keep the new office. That is the duty of the officers of the old board if they were to do their action. Some of them in the rest of the city were in First Deputy Westbrook and Mooney, chief of the department. The men reported to Capt. Coffin, business manager under régime, and were placed in members at every exit, every stair, every important office. Since had been sent before the changed its mind about the conduct of the board members. To the last, without exception, were barred. Every employee to leave was refused permission a time, and later, when they had a desire to remain and see what would happen, they were told to

Loeb's Strategy.
A short time the police learned Loeb was in the building. His office was found and twenty policemen, and members of the board were sent in, apparently to watch him. No other members of the old board was present. After the police learned of the communication of the council to get the information of the council to remove him. That would have left him the Thompson officials, under was sent to a committee, who sent out a boy, who shortly with three boxes of cigars. Mr. Loeb used them around. Soon appeared in the doorway, and in minutes there was, scarcely on the floor, who did not or more cigars tucked away.

"**Arrogant Abuse of Powers.**"
"If Mayor Thompson did this he was guilty of an arrogant, tyrannical abuse of power vested in him by law, and the rules of the procedure of the city council, and also an arrogant over-ride of all precedents for the sake of personal convenience." Rule 4 of the rules of the procedure of the city council, which is like all rules on any subject of legislative bodies, provides that "the presiding officer shall preserve order and decorum, and may speak to points of order . . . and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the city council." The rule is an exceedingly plain one, and expressly provides that the only power the mayor has to declare a motion out of order is subject to an appeal to the city council.

"On this state of facts, if they be the facts, the mayor is liable to criminal prosecution for malfeasance in office under the criminal code, part of the penalty for which, if convicted, would be ouster from office. A public officer, under chapter 112 of Hurd's revised statutes of 1912, and under the common law, has no power to unlawfully held or accepted his office or powers may be removed from office by quo warranto proceedings."

"**Council Should Be Thanked.**"
After a moment, on receiving other reports, Mr. Hoyne continued:

"I have been told that the city council has reconsidered the confirmation of Mayor Thompson's 'hardy six' appointed to the school board who attempted to perpetrate the lawless acts at the last meeting of the board. If this is so, it is a matter for congratulation to all good citizens, as the school system will probably be saved from the city hall gang."

"Members of the council should be thanked for remedying a very serious situation. The rooms of the board of education at this moment are flooded with police, presumably under orders from the mayor, to bolster up and defend the 'solid six' in the perpetration of any future depredations upon the educational system, its employees, and treasury."

"Nowhere tell me that the police guard is to resist the forces of invaders which it is feared are being mobilized in the state's attorney's office. As I have quoted before on similar occasions, 'the wicked flee when no man pursues.' The state's attorney is not drilling any army to invade the doors of the city hall gang or the house of education outpost which it now usually holds. If it becomes necessary the grand jury will attend to the situation of the board rooms."

Identity of "Solid Six."
The "solid six" referred to by Mr. Hoynes are Edwin S. Davis, Albert H. Neumann, George B. Arnold, and Mrs. Dr. S. B. Adair, and Mrs. Lulu St. John. Anton Czarcinski, Charles S. Peterson, and Richard C. Gannon, the three remaining appointees, refused to line up with the others at the board meeting during which President Loeb, Attorney Shannon, and Secretary Larson were ousted.

MAYOR MUST BE 'GOOD' OR HOYNE MAY 'GET' HIM

**State's Attorney Infers
Big Bill Is Liable to
Ouster Move.**

"Big Bill" must be "good" and "behave" or State's Attorney Hoynes threatens to go after his scalp. This was one of the results of the mayor's conduct during the sensational "school board" session of the city council yesterday.

According to Mr. Hoynes, the mayor may be liable either to prosecution for malfeasance in office or quo warranto proceedings to unseat him.

The mayor is liable, Mr. Hoynes said.

Of the official of the council pro-

ceedings shows that he ruled out of order an appeal from the chair on a motion to reconsider the mayor's nine appointees to the school board. Mr. Hoynes is waiting now for this publication.

How Mayor May Escape.

"I have not yet decided whether it is advisable as a matter of public policy to prosecute or to unseat the mayor," he declared. "If the mayor shows his lack of intelligence and disgraces his position is illegal and that he has again made a fool of himself; if he withdraws his 'solid six' board of school members from the scene, turns over the board of education rooms to the old board as he should under the law; if he recognizes Mr. Shannon and Mr. Larson as being lawmen, the attorney and secretary of the board of education, and Penny Coffin as being lawmen, out of office, and appoints as additional, decent members of the board; if he shows a disposition generally to obey the law and ordinances and to abandon his idiotic behavior, then it may not be necessary to prosecute him for his illegal acts."

It is making it clear that he expected to go after the mayor's scalp unless "Big Bill" is "good" and "behaves."

Mr. Hoynes spoke calmly and dispassionately.

Hoynes' Detailed Statement.

Mr. Hoynes at 5 o'clock, as the council in the closing hour of its uproarious session, gave the following detailed statement:

"I am informed, but have not yet had the opportunity of verifying the information, that at the meeting of the city council this afternoon Ald. Eugene Block made a motion to withdraw from the table the motion made at the previous meeting to reconsider the confirmation of the mayor's nine appointees to the school board.

"I am informed that Mayor Thompson, who was in the chair, declared the motion out of order and that immediately thereafter Ald. Block, on some other motion moved an appeal from the decision of Mayor Thompson on this point of order, and that Mayor Thompson again "declared out of order this motion for an appeal from the previous motion."

Hoynes' Statement.

The Rev. Peter F. O'Dwyer, to the pastor of St. Rose of Lima church, this city, to succeed the Rev. Dennis Hayes, resigned. Father O'Dwyer was transferred from St. Patrick's church, New York.

The Rev. T. J. Hurley, to the pastorate of St. Margaret's church, this city, to succeed the Rev. S. P. McDonald, resigned.

The Rev. T. J. Hurley was transferred from St. Patrick's church, Wicker Park.

The Rev. A. Ryerson, to the pastorate of St. Peter's church, Niles Center, Ill., to succeed the Rev. George G. Thiele, resigned.

The Rev. James A. Griffin, D. D., to the pastorate of St. John the Evangelist church, Niles Center, Ill., to succeed the Rev. John A. Ryerson, resigned. Dr. Griffin was transferred from St. Brendan's church.

The Rev. A. Korthals, to the pastorate of St. Bernard's church, Joliet.

The Rev. Harry M. Friel, to assist at St. Peter's church, Chicago Heights, Ill., transferred from St. Joseph's church, Rockford, Ill.

The Rev. L. Mazzarolli, to the pastorate of St. Joseph's church, Rockdale, Ill., to succeed the Rev. John P. Medekowski, transferred. Father Mazzarolli was transferred from St. Hedwig's Orphan asylum, Niles, Ill.

Curates.

The Rev. M. P. McGrath, to assist at St. John Berchmans church, transferred from St. Brigid's church.

The Rev. John P. Medekowski, to assist at St. Ann's church, transferred from St. Adalbert's church.

The Rev. John P. Medekowski, to assist at St. Joachim's church; transferred from Queen of Angels' church.

The Rev. Leo Szwakowski, to assist at St. Mary's church, Joliet.

The Rev. Harry M. Friel, to assist at St. Peter's church, Chicago Heights, Ill., transferred from St. Joseph's church, Rockford, Ill.

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Curates.

DISORDER UPSETS RUSSIAN FLEET; ARREST OFFICERS

Kerensky Issues Order for Drastic Action on Revolt.

PETROGRAD, Thursday, June 21.—There have been disorders among the sailors of the Black sea fleet at Sebastopol, to which the naval members of the American mission to Russia started on Monday.

The outbreak appears to have been organized by followers of the agitator Lenin, backed by extremists from Kronstadt who arrived at Sebastopol about a week ago. These emissaries took advantage of the absence at Petrograd of the responsible leaders among the sailors of the Black sea fleet and accused the officers of conspiring to restore the old regime.

Admiral Kolchak Deposed.

A majority of the sailors, said to have supported the Leninists, whereupon the local council of sailors' deputies expressed general distrust of the remaining officers, ordered their disarmament and declared the deposition of Admiral Kolchak, the commander of the fleet, who formerly was popular with the men. Commanders Grubin and three other officers were arrested.

Simultaneously Admiral Kolchak was recalled by the provisional government, which charged him with neglecting to exercise his authority. The command of the fleet was temporarily transferred to Admiral Lukin.

The government demands the restoration to the officers of their arms, and orders that any sailors who refuse to return to their duty will be denounced as traitors to the fatherland.

A resolution has been adopted by a small faction in the Soldiers' and Workmen's congress calling for the dissolution of the duma and the council of the empire. The action is based on the ground that in the early days of the revolution a group of dumamen took advantage of their parlia-mentary position to become the center of a tumult which was anti-democratic.

Full Suffrage Granted.

The provisional government continues the promulgation of important reforms. The first concerns the zemstvos. Henceforth the vote will be enjoyed by both sexes independent of the present provision regarding property. Elections are to be on a system of proportional representation.

The zemstvos are freed from the tutelage of administration.

The congress of all-Russian workmen's and soldiers' delegates, by a vote of 543 to 126, today adopted a minority resolution approving the creation of a coalition government, the statement of the Socialist ministers on the government's general policy, and calling on the provisional government energetically to prosecute its political program, especially in the direction of peace without annexations or indemnities.

ROOT PLEDGES SUPPORT OF U. S. TO NEW RUSSIA

PETROGRAD, June 21.—Declaring that the United States was going to fight until the world was made safe for democracy, Elihu Root, head of the American mission, made his first public speech to the Foreign corps.

Mr. Root spoke to a large and enthusiastic audience gathered under the auspices of the Russian-American committee for industrial and economic cooperation, recently organized.

Several speeches voicing the appreciation of the coming of the American mission were made by members of the society. Chief of these was that of N. A. Pokrovsky, president of the organization, who introduced Mr. Root.

Mr. Root outlined the causes which induced the United States to enter the war.

"Cheered, encouraged and made enthusiastic by the freedom won by Russia who was to become our ally and friend, we entered the war," said Mr. Root, "and we are going to fight until the world has been made safe for democracy—yours as well as ours—so no overbearing military caste shall push us off our side of the sidewalk."

He said Americans had turned from the path of peace "ungradually and unwillingly but with action so that the new republic of Russia may be great with achievement, side by side with the old republic."

He appealed to Americans for more optimism and greater faith in Russian democracy, such faith as inspired the forefathers when fighting for American liberty.

PICKED GERMAN FORCE CUT UP IN FURIOUS BATTLE

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The French and Germans in the region north and northeast of Soissons and in several sectors in Champagne have been engaged in furious fighting for two days with varying results.

British line in France bad weather has brought the operations of Field Marshal Haig's army almost to a standstill.

Having lost back to the French the greater portion of the trenches they had captured in the vicinity of Vauxillon the Germans to the east of this region have delivered violent attacks along a front of about a mile and a quarter, extending from Epine Chevregny to La Roche, the town, the official reports say.

Again picked troops in large numbers were used in the attack, and again, as before Vauxillon, the French guns inflicted heavy casualties on the Germans, driving the attacking waves back into their trenches. In the center, where, after repeated attempts, the forces of the German crown prince entered a French salient, the reports con-

tinued. In Champagne southeast of Moronvilliers, according to the Berlin war office, the Germans in a surprise attack conquered a French position, but the French later in counter attacks regained a portion of it.

Near Carnille the French penetrated the German line, but were unable to consolidate the position owing to heavy counter attacks.

OFFICIAL REPORTS ON ALL WAR FRONTS

FRENCH FRONT

FRENCH.

PARIS, June 22.—On the Chemin des Dames the bombardment of our positions to the south of Fismes and in the region of Bray-en-Losnois continued up to this morning and was followed by a series of violent attacks on a front of more than two kilometers, extending from the west of the La Roche farm to Epine Chevregny.

The Germans used large forces, composed of special troops, which attacked with stubbornness in spite of the heavy losses which were inflicted on them by our fire.

On the greater part of the front attacked the efforts of the enemy were broken and the assaulting waves thrown back into their original trenches. We maintained our positions except in the center, where the enemy, after several attempts, succeeded in penetrating into a salient of our line.

There has been intermittent canonnading on the remainder of the front.

DAY STATEMENT.

South of La Fere we penetrated the German line, capturing the village of Beaurains and brought back prisoners.

The artillery fighting was continued east of Vauxillon and was extended during the night south of Fismes and north of Bray-en-Losnois, where it attained extreme intensity.

In Champagne at 11 o'clock last night, after severe artillery preparation, the Germans attacked our trenches on Teton Height and east of this position on a front of 400 meters. The enemy succeeded in penetrating advanced positions, but was driven out after a spirited engagement. We regained all our positions.

A surprise attack by the enemy near Remberies wood, in Lorraine, was without result.

BRITISH.

LONDON, June 22.—A hostile raiding party was repulsed during the night east of Ephey. The enemy left several of their dead on our wire entanglements and a few wounded Germans were made prisoners.

An enemy attempt to capture one of our posts near the Guillemont farm, in the same neighborhood, also failed.

AVIATION.

Work in conjunction with our artillery was continued by our airships yesterday, and in spite of the bad weather good results were obtained.

An enemy attempt to capture one of our posts near the Guillemont farm, in the same neighborhood, also failed.

DAY STATEMENT.

We made successful raids last night southeast of Quent and in the neighborhood of Neuve Chapelle and Armentières. Casualties were inflicted on the enemy and we secured prisoners.

GERMAN.

PARIS, June 22.—The enemy's artillery was active during the night. Today he bombarded our advanced batteries and our lines of communication. We replied energetically to the enemy batteries.

DAY STATEMENT.

Army of Crown Prince Rupprecht: From Trier to Armentières there was lively artillery activity on some sectors during the evening and night. English advances northwest of the American mission made his first public speech to the Foreign corps.

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DAY STATEMENT.

**PEDO PLANES
CURB U-BOAT,
URGED BY FISKE**

June 22.—(Special)—The committee of the Aero Club of Milwaukee, N. Y., has received a letter from Dr. Harry N. Fiske, retiring, a plan for an attack on the sea, and crushing the submarine, which the committee believes of the first importance.

Club to President Hawley of the Inventors' Club that pedo planes which sank four ships in the Sea of Marmara in considerable size and power, his German torpedo plane, his stolen idea] which sank a ship German [the English day.

Success of this attack, he will, without doubt, encourage to develop the pedo planes, a concentration of power and no one does any other mechanism as it is the most powerful weapon which exists.

Such a large number of pedo planes, armed with bombs, would be a powerful means to defend themselves from fighting British fleet.

An attack by pedo planes armed with guns themselves from fighting British fleet, and if made in number would give the allies command of the North Sea, the following parts near the German submarine ports, the submarine men prevented from coming out and all chance of German ships being sunk.

**ON STRONG
OUTLINED
NATION PLANS**

D. C., June 22.—(Special)—Wilson today, in a formal address to the Secretary of War, up squarely behind the big program of the War Department aircraft production board of all national defense. The letter follows:

Dear Secretary: I have your yesterday about the production and the training of men to whom I want to back up such a program as you have that present in the strongest possible to the proper committee of us. WOODROW WILSON.

He was let today for the fourth new government flying fields.

be a standard two squadron accommodating 200 student flyers, a requisite number of officers, mechanics, and enlisted men, including hangars for seventy-two

**Reports 10,000 Foes
in Trentino Push**

June 22.—Semi-official estimate declared that 10,000 Austrians were killed, wounded, or missing in the recent Trentino offensive.

Fight or Give



The way to
sure about
thees quality

There's a lot of talk
around about the
condition of the
textile market; poorly
textile goods, cotton
and fabrics, etc.

u really should be
careful what you
and where you buy
this year of all years.

You don't need to worry
you come to this
There is none but
wool fabrics here;
a wide selection of

the tailoring is the

after you wear these
you are not satisfied,
your money back.
can't make a mis-

ices \$20 to \$35.

Foreman's

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**Expert
at Accountants**

men having thorough
experience in production costs
large manufacturing con-

to be Cost Statistician
Analyst. Both must be
high grade men, of good
qualities, between the ages
and 36 years. Permanent
commissions and salaries attractive
to men.

education, experience,
and personal description.

ess C Y 294, Tribune

**SLAYER OF WIFE
TURNS HER SCORN
UPON ROBERTS**

Miss Lusk, Wishing for
Death, Says His Love
Was Common.

BY ROBERT LFE.

Waukesha, Wis., June 22.—(Special)—Gardens of the man she loved and the collapse of the "honor romance" were charged today by Miss Bessie Lusk against Dr. David Roberts, whose wife was slain on Thursday.

A pallbearer on a hospital cot, wounded by her own hand, Miss Lusk today begged for the death she failed to accomplish when she fired two bullets into her own body after killing Mrs. Roberts. But she displayed a degree of her old time vigorous temper when she claimed the sorrows of the affair that linked her and Roberts for more than a year. In this indictment she asserted that the wife of the North was the German submarine which sank the ship *Geno* of the English day.

Success of this attack, he will, without doubt, encourage to develop the pedo planes, a concentration of power and no one does any other mechanism as it is the most powerful weapon which exists.

Such a large number of pedo planes, armed with bombs themselves from fighting British fleet.

An attack by pedo planes armed with guns would be a powerful means to defend themselves from fighting British fleet, and if made in number would give the allies command of the North Sea, the following parts near the German submarine ports, the submarine men prevented from coming out and all chance of German ships being sunk.

Roberts Denies Writing.

Roberts, however, has denied writing anything to Miss Lusk. The unsigned postcard, said to be in his hand, found among the effects of the psychology teacher who shot down his wife bore out his denial.

"It is spring now," was written in one of the masculine notes to Miss Lusk, "and I feel that I want to walk with you in green pastures—now, now, now."

"O, he has the maudlin and common sentiment that characterizes only the here doctor," said the teacher when she was reminded of this note. "I thought his mentality matched mine, but his conception of sex was pure and his intellectually a rock of ages; but he is a Christian. He has sacrificed me and his wife."

Clouds of Flattery.

Another of the notes wrote in the clouds of flattery and ended in a coded note of the towns in which the wife might be reached until late in the autumn. That this is the work of Dr. Roberts was denied by him.

The possibility that a sealed letter, addressed to Mrs. Roberts and stamped with a special delivery stamp, found among the teacher's effects, might furnish a motive for the killing of Mrs. Roberts was denied when it was pointed out that this was in effect a short form of the closely typewritten manuscript addressed to her victim in which Miss Lusk displayed unusual literary talent in developing her theories of the higher romance. She pleaded with Mrs. Roberts to withdraw from the field in which two harmonious hearts sought closer union.

Her Vitality Remarkable.

In the hospital Miss Lusk displayed great physical fortitude despite her desire to die. Dr. R. E. Davies attended her.

"Will I die?" she asked him. He told her she would recover.

"That's too bad," she said. "I want to die. There can be no mental or spiritual recovery, so why the physical?"

A little later Dr. Davies explained that it was to him shortly after the murder Miss Lusk told him it was she and not Mrs. Roberts who summoned Dr. Roberts by telephone.

"I knew Mrs. Roberts would be there and so I called the doctor because I wanted to know the truth. But he said, 'No, he is.' And he told me it was I he told him. I told his wife that I was 'cheating' after him. The wife Mrs. Roberts called me those dreadful names. I lost my head and went for my revolver."

Wrote After Wounded.

A pathetic incident in the crime was developed in a scrutiny of the paper on which Miss Lusk had scrawled her farewell after shooting herself. In feeling about with her left hand for the teacher spread her fingers over her bosom. Firing again, she shot in such a way that the tip of her middle finger was shot off. Then she wrote her farewell, spraining the white page with her blood.

Miss Lusk's mental condition has affected in a social way most of the city of Waukesha but brought to her activities in club life, in which her place of thought was thoroughly established. Several Waukesha society women prominent in affairs of the Waukesha Woman's club commented on her preparation of club programs when she was in charge of meetings.

The psychology teacher, who, by the way, has shaped the course of many graduates of the normal branch of the

THE FATEFUL TRIANGLE

Slain Waukesha Wife, Psychology Teacher Who Shot Her, and the Husband, for Whom Love the Women Were Rivals.



**GENERAL SYNOD
UNANIMOUS FOR
LUTHERAN UNION**

BY THE REV. W. B. NORTON.

Unanimously the general synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church in the United States favored the merging of the general synod, the general council, and the united synod of the south into one body, to be known as the United Lutheran church in the United States.

The new church, when the merger is formally ratified by the district synods, as is necessary in order to comply with church law, will have 923,342 members, 3,439 ministers, and the former in war finances and the federal reserve banks.

Loan Gives Confidence.

Mr. Miller said the great loan far contributed by the people should give confidence to the government to issue bonds to finance the war.

He described the operation of the reserve banks, and urged that the Liberty bonds be taken by the savings process and not by "bookkeeping methods."

"For me to save \$100 for an evening suit and buy a Liberty bond therewith," he illustrated, "would not be as effective as for twenty people on the west side to save \$5 each and buy the \$100 bond. Mine would be voluntary relinquishment of money not earned, while theirs would be taken from their earning power, so that it must be had to insure this loan a success."

"I would warn you," he continued, "that the reserve situation of our banks is not as strong as it should be, owing to many reasons. There is no fear of an inadequacy of reserve funds, but a fear of a too easy going fund, and if improvidently used it would tend to an inflation of credit and lead us into deluding paths in financing the war. I view the future with considerable anxiety."

Rev. S. W. Herman, pastor of the Zion church of Harrisburg, Pa., said the merger would bring the Lutheran church into Japan and China in its mission work, whereas the efforts of the general synod had been confined to Africa and India.

Pay as We Enter.

"In all previous wars foreign markets have been available," said Prof. Scott. "In this one we must rely entirely upon ourselves. Whether we finance this war by loans or by taxes, we must pay as we go."

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**Queen of May Contest
to Add \$1,000 to Red Cross**

Support of the American Red Cross, local charities, and home war relief will be keynotes at the twenty-fourth annual midsummer festival of the Swedish National association tomorrow in Justice Park. There will be a Queen of the May contest. Votes have been sold and the grand midsummer midway gathering the greatest number will be crowned. The executive committee expects to raise \$1,000 for the Red Cross from the vote sales.

Only 918 Men Enlist in Day.

Washington, D. C., June 22.—Regular army recruiting took a new low level yesterday, with only 918 men enlisting for the day. New York maintained the lead among the states with 164 men; Pennsylvania was third with 121; Illinois had 101; Michigan 98; Ohio 97; Connecticut 96; Massachusetts 95; New Jersey 94; and Virginia 93.

**Daughters Inquire Into
Dr. Whitman's Estate**

Miss Alice Whitman and Mrs. M. E. Hallanger, both of Chicago, daughters of the late Dr. Thomas H. Whitman, superintendent of the County hospital at Los Angeles, Cal., have engaged a lawyer to determine what interest, if any, they have in Dr. Whitman's estate.

Dr. Whitman married a second time after his departure to California, some years ago. He had no children by his second marriage.

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Waterproof
Straws**

HERE is nothing so satisfactory as a well-fitting soft collar; nothing as unsatisfactory and irritating as a bad one. M-L-R soft collars will fit just the way you would like to have them; if they don't bring them back. M-L-R No. 125C to No. 12.

Other soft collars, 15c to 50c.

Other Pajamas, \$1.15 to \$6.

and on floor.

**THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons**

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Money cheerfully refunded

15c to \$1.15.

The Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 16, 1868, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1873.

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SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1917.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."
—Stephen Decatur.

FOOD CONTROL.

Wholesale food merchants freely admit that prices are higher than they ought to be. They say they are willing to cooperate to reduce them, but assert they are powerless to enforce any effective remedy without the assistance of strong central control at Washington.

These merchants place the blame for inflated prices chiefly on speculators, outside speculators, many of whom never dabbled in foodstuffs before. The outsiders, it is said, have jumped into the food markets just as they jumped into the stock market when war brides promised enormous profits.

It is admitted that middlemen themselves have engaged in speculative price boosting. But the majority are willing, they say, to eliminate the "profiteering," provided the legislation is passed to meet the minority in line.

The legitimate food distributors, we are informed, are in favor of the general principles advocated by Mr. Hoover and embodied in the Lever food control bill. They accept Mr. Hoover's statement that he does not propose any drastic shackling of the industry, but rather to be given the power to curb the predatory minority and the outside speculator.

We may assume that the middleman is just as anxious to do his bit as any one else. It is certain that he does not care to be branded as an enemy of his country or the means of its downfall. He is keenly alive to the possibility that inordinate prices may bring about food riots of serious proportions. But just at present he is in the grip of a system that is in reality controlled by a vicious minority.

Mr. Hoover's testimony before the senate committee was definitely to the point that he proposes to assist the various producing and distributing groups in doing precisely what the more enlightened members of those groups desire to do. He wants to operate as far as possible through voluntary agreements with those groups. But such voluntary agreements will be worthless or impossible, he says, unless he is granted the power to enforce the will of the majority. The majority might want to establish the price of flour at \$10 a barrel, but they could not afford to do so if the vicious minority were allowed to sell the same article to rich and powerful purchasers at \$15.

This illustration puts concretely what Mr. Hoover hopes to do by rather more general methods. These methods are intricate and extensive, but they do not involve actual price fixing.

"There is no provision for price fixing," Mr. Hoover told the senate committee, "and no such thing can be carried out under the bill. What we hope to do is to stabilize prices by various devices and to regulate the profits and speculation out of the handling of commodities."

Control of exports and the regulation of marketing are the two important things which Mr. Hoover hopes to accomplish under the Lever bill. He regards them as minimum requirements to prevent disastrous consequences.

The opposition to the bill, it appears, has developed largely among farmers. They have profited by advancing prices and they are naturally afraid that any food control will interfere with their profits. We are not suggesting that the farmers as a class would not be satisfied with formal profits, provided the same restrictions were applied to the middlemen as well as the producers. In short, they are afraid they will get the little end of the deal.

If we may judge by the discussion in congress there is not much danger of any such contingency. Both Mr. Hoover and the members of congress are expressing the greatest solicitude for the farmer's interests. For instance, he is specifically exempted from the penalties to be imposed for hoarding foodstuffs. After all, the farmer is the man who does the producing, and other countries have found that stringent price regulations are likely to limit production. The farmers simply won't take the trouble to raise crops if they think they are going to get an in-adequate price.

The Lever bill probably has its faults, but we know we are facing a situation which makes food legislation of this kind imperative. The revolution in Russia began with food riots. While we may regard the shortage in Russia as having been providential in view of the outcome, we certainly must guard against promoting any such condition in this country, because we have everything to lose and nothing to gain.

The urgency of the situation is perhaps best illustrated by a comparison of prices in this country and in the countries that are dependent on us for food supplies. According to Mr. Hoover, the price of bread in Belgium is 60 per cent of the price in New York. In France it is 40 per cent below the price here, and in England 30 per cent. Yet the allied agents are said to have been responsible in a large measure for forcing up the wholesale prices in the United States.

The country demands an equitable adjustment of prices and distribution. If the Lever bill cannot accomplish this result, it is up to congress to frame legislation that will.

TRYING TO JUSTIFY THE PORK BILL.

The pretense that the \$27,000,000 rivers and harbors pork bill is exclusively a military measure received a rude jolt last week. Representative Parker of New Jersey proposed that no money be appropriated that was not determined by the president to be essential for the conduct of the war. Representatives Gallagher and Madden of Illinois and others spoke for the proposal, but it was defeated—principally by the votes of the president's friends.

If we were not familiar with congressional methods we might think this would upset the effort to put through the bill under cover of legislative camouflage. Yet Chairman Small and members of the rivers and harbors committee still seek to justify the bill on the ground of military necessity, in spite of the light that has been thrown on this kind of congressional hocus-pocus. Outside of trouble for themselves and the state.

congratulate it would simply be a bid for the insane asylum to try to justify items for picking water hyacinths as a military measure.

Wouldn't it clarify the situation if the administration would indicate what military value these various appropriations have? If the secretary of war designated those items that were necessary, if there are any, no objection would be made to granting them. On the other hand, it might be the means of averting wasteful and extravagant expenditures for wasteful and extravagant projects.

THE SCHOOL SCANDAL.

The rumpus in the city council is not a pleasant thing for self-respecting citizens of Chicago to contemplate. But it was fully justified by the proceedings of the mayor and his allies and by the gravity of the situation of school affairs. It is a pity the council majority did not see the light at an earlier stage of the proceeding. But better late than never.

The situation even now is deplorable. If it is possible legally to check the assault which the mayor's faction seems to have organized for the demoralization of school management or worse, every ounce of decency in public life should be concentrated now for that purpose. They are enough of it in the council and out of it to save the day, we hope, and public opinion should move vigorously to its support without delay.

It is to be noted that several aldermen refused political influence of their factional leaders and stood for the public interest. Their action will not be forgotten.

What the city demands is a school board of responsible character and protection of the schools from graft and demoralization.

GIVE THE CHARGES A CHANCE.

Judge Gemmill's charges against Chief Ballif Cernach cannot be disposed of by ignoring them. They may or may not be well founded. That can be established only by an honest investigation. Judge Gemmill's authority in itself gives them too much weight to justify his brother judges in putting them by without careful and honest inquiry. The Municipal court owes it to the public and to itself to insure such an inquiry without delay.

The court cannot afford to incur suspicion.

WHY NOT REGISTER THEM ALL?

The Chicago police say that the registration for military service has been of great aid in the identification of men the police want to keep their eyes upon.

If it is an advantage to have men from 21 to 31 years registered it would be a greater advantage to have every one registered. Americans have a distaste for this method of identification, but without good reason. They associate it with an automatic espionage system intended to keep citizens under strict police regulation to prevent them from establishing themselves in greater liberties.

It may suggest to Americans a police government which would interfere with private rights and create an intolerable, even if petty, police tyranny.

We do not think that any such thing is likely to happen in the United States. The police could not ride the people successfully. The registration of all citizens would be no imposition upon the people who conduct and expect to conduct themselves with respect for others' rights and in obedience to the law. It might be an intolerable nuisance to be compelled to carry an identification card and have life cluttered up with new minor details. A forgotten identification card would be or might be a mischievous maker.

The men now registered carry their registration cards because the police are making a search for men who did not register, and the card is the simplest means of avoiding annoyance. But there would be no requirement in general registration that people keep constantly with them means of establishing their identity. While there would be no requirement, it might be of such value as a means of identifying one's self that many people would want to carry them.

Registration would help to give citizens an idea of closer association with the state. We run considerably on the loose now and do not have as intimate an idea of relationship as ought to prevail in the citizen's conception of the state and himself.

We believe that general registration would increase the sense of obligation and responsibility, and it might at any time be valuable for the nation to know who its citizens are and what they are doing.

Editorial of the Day

PERFUMED PENALOGY AND ITS RESULTS.

(From the Detroit Free Press.)

Riot, plots, and other evidences of disorder seem to have been the rule of late at Joliet prison. During the week dispatches record the fact that enough dynamite to blow up the penitentiary has been found in possession of prisoners. Knives and citizens' clothes likewise were very generally scattered about the institution. Altogether the Illinois prison seems to have been fully mobilized, the inmates being ready with every conceivable implement of destruction and apparently nothing lacking but discipline.

This necessary factor has been going out of style at Joliet for some time. In its place has grown up a species of perfumed penology which has as its object the reform of prisoners under conditions intended to make their life in prison a succession of perfect days. Convicts were to have contact with the outside world by means of a correspondence school and members of the feminine sex, who prayed for opportunity to serve humanity while the hours dragged at home, were given a list of the boys who needed inspiration. Altogether the scheme apparently has worked so well that the convicts were preparing when caught with the dynamite and citizens' clothes to spend a few weeks at the sessions.

And while the country is being treated to frequent illustrations of the plans to dislodge old fashioned discipline with soft hearted tactics the crime rate is increasing at an alarming extent. Since certain selected students of sociology began to spread the doctrine that society is responsible for the acts of criminals the criminals themselves have more than lived up to what was expected of them by this class of parlor reformers. Against this silly propaganda carried on by theorists there has been too little real opposition from men whose long experience has taught them that the curing of prisoners by the laying on of hands is a dangerous practice.

There will be some excuse offered in behalf of the Joliet experiment. But the fact remains that this particular institution, where individual freedom among prisoners has been practiced to the limit, has offered a long series of sensations and crimes. There is a safety line in the management of prisons and when officials go beyond this they are inviting trouble for themselves and the state.

And speaking, as Juno was to Jove, of the Immortals, the class honor of a graduate in Arcola, Ill., were taken (lang for annexed) by "Cautious Choice." Oh, yes, and one of the judges of the stock in the North Dakota Ag college, was Miss Vesta Steer.

The height of something may be observed in the window of a North Clark street saloon: "Gordon's Symphony Jazz Band." We prefer his gin.

Sir: For the limit in patriotism or something, please register the young lady in the C. B. & Q. restaurant at Aurora, who wears an American flag sticker to cover her bosom on her neck.

"LET'S all put our shoulder to the wheel and pull!"—Rock Island Accelerator.

Look out below!

AS the South toasts it:

"OUR cotton, right or wrong!"

A LINE OF TYPE OR TWO

Motto: How to be the Line, Let the quips fall where they may.

"IN the eternal triangle," moralized the Waukegan lady who shot up two sides of it, "the only solution is the elimination of one character." The only solution, perhaps, for a sentimental. We, too, might moralize to this effect: A triangle is as strong as the weakest side; which sounds well but doesn't mean anything.

SPEAKING of mathematics, there may be a few innocent readers who have missed our profound reflections on one trite triangulation. If so, here they are again:

OLD STUFF.

If I go to see the play,
Of the story I am certain;
Promptly it gets under way.

With the lifting of the curtain,
Builded all that's said and done.

On the ancient recipe—

'Tis the same old Two and One:
A and B in love with C.

If I read the latest book,
There's the mossy situation:
One, may confidently look

For the trite triangulation.

Or as time, but ever new,
Seemingly, this tale of Three—

Same old yarn of One and Two:
A and C in love with B.

If I cast my eyes around,
Far and near and middle distance.

Still the formula is found.

In our everyday existence.

Everywhere I look I see—

Fact or fiction, life or play—

Still the little game of Three:
B and C in love with A.

While the ancient law fulfills,
Myriad moons shall wane and wax.

Jack must have his pair of Jills,

Jill must have her pair of Jacks.

THE most interesting feature of a news story is often omitted. Frex, when the mayor left the council chamber yesterday some one threw a book at him. But to my knowledge the book is not mentioned.

"GO to your office!" was also hurled after the mayor. Referring, perhaps, to the Tower of Lundin.

Add Red Cross Slogans. Help Yourself. Plenty More Where They Came From.

"Enlist or loose!"

"Shell or shell out!"

"Dig in or dig out!"

"Charge or cash!"

THE headline, not infrequent, "Death Wins Race with Pulmoter," prompts us to inquire why the wonderful equipment of the modern hospital lacks a pulmoter. Why is it necessary to pace Death with one? There is a machine, we believe, in the Harrison street police station, for the resuscitation of bums, which is more or less a labor of supererogation.

"TOOTSY: Cut your tonsils straight across. Then you won't need to worry about ingrown toenails."—Antonette.

Better get some one to hold you while you're doing it. Tootsy, as the operation is even more awkward than self-decapitation.

"Our Country!"

Sir: We having spilled an elixir upon the Doctor tost, which leaves the left hand support of your valued stock of quips, our dad rises from the profundity of some forty years of meditation on the ignorance of youth—we're not quite fifty, and passed out this poisoned dum-dum: "And I wonder how many of those yaps who read it and proclaim it as their sentinel realize that Stephen Decatur bought those words for them with his life?"

Being one of the yaps who didn't, we looked up the records, and as there may be one or two others who are unaware that Stephen Decatur was challenged and slain by the "conscientious objector" whose conscientious emasculation tost to approve of, we pass it on for the benefit of the fellow who has conscientious scruples against killing one except his own countrymen.

S. G. C.

IN the matter of military equipment for the soldier-boys our government may be a trifle tardy, but when it comes to moral equipment it is right with the pious gods. Young souls is always much easier than saving bodies.

CHICAGO, FOR ONE, DOES NOT WASH BACK OF THE EARS.

Sir: While visiting points east we saw the Statue of Liberty, and mused on the ideals for which it stands. On our return we were greeted with news of "pork" legislation and the Chicago Board of Education elections. A sad gap between thought and deed—something like a collar of pearls on a dirty neck thought we.

A. H. B.

MIGHT we request Senator Sherman to be a bit more careful with his metaphors? The administration may be like a balky horse, but a balky horse does not "propose all sorts of artful and diabolical policies."

A Morning Bit.

Sir: A seedy person entered the office; he placed a faded, greasy hat upon my desk, and reaching into his coat pocket, extricated a packet of soiled papers. "I am organizing a company," he began, "and I am to be the president." I am in a position to offer you a little stock at a startlingly low figure. This article is to be known as the "George Washington Husks." Now, if you would care to make a small deposit—"

"I took a quarter," said I, "take this and beat it: I'm in a hurry." He took the coin and started away. As he reached the door he turned. "Possibly," he said, "you would be interested in knowing why I am going to do this product the 'George Washington Husks'?" "I'll bite," I said. "Because," he answered, "it will be the feeder of our country."

I'm a hurry," said I, "take this and beat it: I'm in a hurry." He took the coin and started away. As he reached the door he turned. "Possibly," he said, "you would be interested in knowing why I am going to do this product the 'George Washington Husks'?" "I'll bite," I said. "Because," he answered, "it will be the feeder of our country."

TO convey the shade of meaning in the replies of some of the persons interviewed, a dash is needed: thus: "I am heartily in favor of national prohibition during the war."

Song of the Camp.

Now it's dark and day come,
For the trumpet and the drum;
And it's gone is all the fun,
For the saber and the gun.

And it's fierce to be a thinking,
Of the stuff you would be drinking,
But it's wan't all toot toot in the army!
But it's good-bye now to be over.

And it's good-bye to the cheer
Of a cold and foaming Stein;
Or the red and bubbling wine;
And it's sad my heart is feeling,

When a throstle comes over me stealing,
For it's water they are drinking in the army!

WAR

Patch 1

MME. NOVIKOFF
M. P. FOR RUSSIA

BY ELIA W. PEATTIE.

ON years past the biographies of distinguished Londoners of the passing and the present generations have contained references to an interesting and vivacious Russian gentlewoman, Mrs. Olga Novikoff. A pictureque and intense personality, complete familiarity with two great capitals, abroad and London, intimate association with the rulers of Russia and England and intimate association with the diplomatic circles of these and other countries, made her indeed conspicuous. It was inevitable that she should have friends and enemies—such friends as Gladstone and Stead, Kinchake and Froude, such enemies as Lord Beaconsfield and others whose vision encompassed triumphant England but not the alliance of England with a country so formidable, so foreign, and provocative of envy as Russia. Mme. Novikoff has had one passion, to bring Russia and England into an alliance, and that purpose has been accomplished.

Indeed, one may go farther and say that she has been instrumental in the accomplishment of this desideratum. Lord Beaconsfield called her with some intent the M. P. for Russia, but Stead drew the sting of the remark by saying: "Ambassadors represent governments; M. P.'s represent the people." What her reasons were, her methods, her hopes, her friends may be learned from "RUSSIAN MEMORIES" (E. P. Dutton company).

She approaches all questions with a certain independence inherent in her, whether she is talking of the Russian famine, the Armenian question, or the great awakening of Russia to her world responsibilities. Mme. Novikoff is not of the revolutionary but is a firm adherent of the recently deposed czar and of firm authority. She has no confidence in the ability of the revolutionary party to provide a secure government, and regards Russia as yet too uneducated to assume the responsibilities of a democracy. She quotes a reformed nihilist as saying: "Unhappily our revolution is a generation behind in a way to drive a rational statesman mad. One day they take part in a Polish insurrection; another day they try to organize a reign of terror. Like true fanatics, they display a passionate energy, a remarkable self-sacrifice. It is simply deplorable."

Sentiments such as these will no doubt possess Mme. Novikoff at this time, when the overthrow of authority leaves the eager, impulsive, and inexperienced inclined to try to make their personal claims in a democratic state for stability, too individualistic for coherence, too impulsive for justice. The book makes singularly interesting



Coningsby Dawson

Mr. Dawson, author of the popular novels, "Slaves of Freedom" and "The Rat," has been for some time at the front as a lieutenant of Canadian artillery. "CARRY ON" (Lane) is a collection of his letters written in billets, in dugouts, and in trenches to friends and relatives.

reading, and Americans, whose sympathies are instinctively with revolutionary Russia, will be interested to review the ideas of a devoted adherent of the czar. The book is a mixture of the sentimental and the bawdy, the irreverent and the touching, and amusing. Babes belongs to quite a different group from the eager young gentleman whom Mr. Booth Tarkington celebrated in "Seventeen"; yet there are similarities between the two stories. Each relates the exploits of a young person in whom love of adventure and personal ambition are dominant, and ends at once touching and amusing. Babes before she loses sight of her, but to the last she is diverting, and at no time are we required to take her too seriously. That is the felicity of the book, and if apology be needed it is the apology, too. It bears the same relation to literature that whipped cream bears to food—it is pleasing, but not essential, and was not intended for anything but its obvious purpose. (George H. Doran company, New York.)

But the real point of Mr. Phillips' story is that one woman, as much as all women, is the mother of the struggle for liberation. Liberation from what, some one is not doubt asking. There is not room to make reply. A reading of Mr. Phillips' book is recommended with its right background of ancient rural England, of new warlike England, of England facing problems and passions that shake her to the deep core of her being. Personally I like Mr. Phillips' abounding background and

his secondary characters even better than the chief characters and his foreground. Something indefinable, moving, and ancient exudes its essence from each and all of his books. (Macmillan's.)

Excuse.

F. W. Bain has chosen a curious vein for his fiction, allegorical and otherwise. His work purports to be translated from the original manuscript of long since departed East Indians, and so skillful are the allusions, the nuances, the tricks, the repetitions, and the references that it is very difficult to bring out what is in genious, scholarly, and fascinating imitations. "THE LIVERY OF EVE" is the happy title of his latest story—a story as complicated as if it had been taken from the Arabian Nights, but as full of wisdom as if written by Tagore. It is a mythological tale of surprising interest and beautiful fancy.

Written by one who speaks of himself as being in seclusion, it is designed to contribute something to the present heavy toll. The writer hopes it may "help some wounded hero to forget his troubles for an hour," and it certainly will do so if by chance the wounded hero secures it and is a lover of really fine literature. For there is true enchantment in these pages. (G. P. Putnam's Sons.)

A Flapper.

Mary Roberts Rinehart, feeling particularly frisky, has written a number of sketches which resolve themselves into the service of a novel entitled "BABE IN THE ST. DEATH." Babe is a young girl with a water garden in all England has its being. The complaisant owner, with his vivacious, treacherous wife, the two bachelors makers of landscape gardens, one of them reticent, idealistic, and straight dealing, the other ingratiating, double faced, and of facile talent, and the love episodes of these two men provide the creatures of Mr. Phillips are reading story.

The scene is laid in Colchester, England, and the leading men in the story are the owner and the designers of the Colchester gardens, and the young girl with a water garden in all England has its being. The complaisant owner, with his vivacious, treacherous wife, the two bachelors makers of landscape gardens, one of them reticent, idealistic, and straight dealing, the other ingratiating, double faced, and of facile talent, and the love episodes of these two men provide the creatures of Mr. Phillips are reading story.

But the real point of Mr. Phillips' story is that one woman, as much as all women, is the mother of the struggle for liberation. Liberation from what, some one is not doubt asking. There is not room to make reply. A reading of Mr. Phillips' book is recommended with its right background of ancient rural England, of new warlike England, of England facing problems and passions that shake her to the deep core of her being. Personally I like Mr. Phillips' abounding background and

concerned with her.

The English at the Somme.

OW the English after being pounded for two years finally learned their lesson and turned the tables on the Germans is told by John Buchan in his

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SOCIALISTS AND PACIFISTS DECRY U.S. WAR ENTRY

"Anti" Groups Urged to Talk Peace Even if They Go to Jail.

Socialism and pacifism, opposing the war purposes of the nation, held sway last night in the Wicker Park hall on the northwest side. The meeting was the first of a dozen peace rallies" which the Chicago Conference for Democracy proposes to hold in the next few days. The chief speakers were Mrs. Catharine Wright McCulloch and Ald. John C. Kennedy.

Applause greeted sarcastic references to the American entry into war against Germany and cheers as loud followed those of peace moves in Germany.

"We know where this war has come from," shouted Ald. Kennedy. "It comes from capitalism, but peace is coming from Socialism."

He told his auditors not to be afraid to say "what you think and to tell the truth."

Why Fear the Jails?
"Suppose they do put a few of us in jail," he continued. "What does that matter if we can stop the present slaughter?" He made no direct reference to the military registration and selective draft law.

"The Russian people have now set the standard," Mr. Kennedy continued, "and we must join hands with them in making the governments of the world end war. Let the president and congress ask us if we want war. It is through such meetings as this in all parts of America that the working classes are going to make their power felt."

"Our ideas and ideals are being felt at Stockholm, even though we are not permitted to send delegates there. It is peculiar that the 'democratic governments' of the world forbade delegations to go there to discuss ways to end this war. We want peace before slaughter, not after."

Would Make Peace Offer.

"Socialist leaders in Germany tell us that if peace terms are preferred now, and time does not bring the government to prefer that peace, I don't propose to become a murderer and nobody can make me one. No government can make me take up a gun and kill somebody."

"They say this is a war for world democracy. Is it?" Jeers, shouts, catcalls and cries of "No, no," greeted the question.

The food speculators tell us we should go out and kill some Germans for world democracy, while they are buying liberty bonds with our money and capitalists are making a puppet of the government.

The truth about this war is not being printed. The newspapers—The Tribune, the News, the Herald, and the Journal—lie all the time. The newspaperman who told the truth about his government would probably lose his job."

Should Talk Peace.

Mr. McCulloch said Americans should talk peace—as they are doing in Germany.

"They are praying for it there," she said, "and we should show a Christian spirit and meet them halfway."

We talk of democracy, and yet the women of our nation are not free. Many of them are denied suffrage. Let us be a nation that practices freedom at home before we urge it abroad."

OFF FOR DUTY
Lieut. F. J. Campbell Jr. of Chicago, Who Has Just Been Ordered to Marine Corps Rifle Range.



Lieut. Francis James Campbell Jr.
STEIN PHOTO

Lieut. Francis James Campbell Jr., U. S. M. C., the son of F. J. Campbell, 6649 Kimbark avenue, publisher of the Fine Arts Journal, has just left Chicago for duty and training at the Marine corps rifle range at Winthrop, Md., June 22. Lieut. Campbell was graduated from St. John's Military academy, Delafield, Wis., in 1915, and subsequently attended the University of Wisconsin. He was commissioned a second lieutenant in the Marine corps May 24 upon his record as a cadet at St. John's Military academy, where he was also an all round athlete. He is 21 years old.

DINING CAR AND CAFE MEN ADMIT MILLIONS WASTE

Dining car and restaurant men estimate the annual wastage of foods due to service of portions larger than the appetite of the average patron requires—\$100,000,000 in restaurants and on dining cars. Of this amount the dining car men accept blame for \$6,000,000, and "pass the buck" for the remainder. To eliminate the tremendous loss to the national food supply, commissary departments of the various railroads have been working out a service system of "war portions" at rates below those charged for full portions. George A. Cullen, passenger traffic manager of the Lackawanna and Western railroad, announced yesterday that Lackawanna diners already have the new system in effect.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois dining car service has also instituted the "war portion" system.

The Santa Fe and the Great Western diners are serving smaller portions than heretofore.

Tobey Saturday Special

Rattan Chair or Rocker, Old Ivory Cretone Covering.

\$13.50

WE are offering a large assortment of painted and decorated furniture, as well as reed, willow and fibre pieces, at special prices. These articles are in addition to our regular stock.

Among the bargains are:		
Regular Price	Special Price	
Lacquered and Decorated Arm Chair, damask	\$54.00	\$35.00
Lacquered and Decorated Day Bed	120.00	79.00
Lacquered and Decorated Bench	35.00	23.00
Lacquered and Decorated Sofa, damask	195.00	129.00
White and Black Reed Settee, cretonne	55.25	27.00
Gray Enamelled Reed Chair, cretonne	28.50	19.00
Old Ivory Enamelled Reed Rocker, cretonne	23.75	15.00
Ivory and Green Painted Garden Table	12.00	8.00
Black and White Painted Garden Seat	14.50	11.00
Ivory and Red Painted Garden Chair	7.25	5.25
Ivory and Red Painted Garden Rocker	7.50	5.50
Lacquered and Decorated Sofa	170.00	114.00
Enamelled and Decorated Buffet	80.00	53.00
Enamelled and Decorated Breakfast Table	45.00	29.50
Enamelled and Decorated Aquarium	42.00	28.00
Enamelled and Decorated Fernery	27.00	18.00
Gray and White Settee	35.00	17.00
Enamelled Reed Day Bed, cretonne	75.00	39.00

The Tobey Furniture Co.

Wabash Avenue and Washington Street

ARTILLERY UNIT OF GUARD GOES TO FT. SHERIDAN

BY PARKE BROWN.

Fort Sheridan, Ill., June 22.—[Special.]—Official notice was telegraphed from Washington today that a regiment of the national guard field artillery will be called into federal service "at once" and sent to Fort Sheridan. It is believed here that the regiment will be the First Illinois, four batteries of which belong to Chicago and its suburbs.

The primary purpose of such an order will be to provide the six batteries of the reserve officers' training camp with equipment, including guns and horses. Almost as important is the evident intention of the war department to put the militia regiment on a war footing as soon as possible, to train it for foreign service.

Surprise to Militia.
The report from Washington became known to Col. W. J. Nicholson and members of his staff when they were mapping the vacant ground in one post in search of a site for the artillery camp. They tentatively have selected an open stretch immediately south of the cantonment and along the southern border of the reservation. While this will compel shifting the drilling of Illinois companies to other posts, it is about the only available site and its location places the artillery equipment within easy access of the student officers.

Killed by Elevator.

Harry Myers of 1208 North Halsted street was crushed to death yesterday in an elevator accident in the plant of the Hawthorne Tanning company, 1310 North Halsted street.

+ "fight or give" +



English waterproofed coats; sixth floor

FOR motoring, yachting, travel, street wear. Berry Scotch weaves, gabardines, lightweight silk mixtures, mackintosh fabrics, waterproofed wool fabrics, rubberized fabrics.

Many good models, color schemes, patterns.

\$7.50, \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$30.

Open until 9 P. M.
on Saturday

1500 BOOK & CO.
JAMOITAUDI

Money cheerfully refunded

PUBLIC ADVICE WELCOMED UPON DRAFT BOARDS

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Washington, D. C., June 22.—[Special.]—In submitting the names Gen. Crowder said that senatorial objections would not necessarily constitute cause for rejecting the governors' recommendations unless the senators could demonstrate the unfitness of the men for the position. In such cases objections were made by senators. Gen. Crowder noted these objections and will forward them to the president.

Must Show Unfitness.

In submitting the names Gen. Crowder said that senatorial objections would not necessarily constitute cause for rejecting the governors' recommendations unless the senators could demonstrate the unfitness of the men for the position.

There will be in all about eighty-five of the appeal boards, one for each federal court district, with extra large boards for the great cities. They will vary in size from five to thirty members.

Practical exemption boards have practically been decided upon for each state, and announcement of the appointments is expected within a few days.

Protest from Martin.

Representative Martin of Chicago notified the provost marshal general today

of complaints he had received because

some of the men recommended for the

district exemption boards in Cook

county were eligible to the draft.

Complainants expected that men in military

service should not sit on exemption boards.

Gen. Crowder conferred with many of

the senators, particularly those from the

central west. To all he submitted the

names suggested for these important

boards and asked each senator if he had

any objection to the men recommended

for the district boards in his state.

Dr. J. Shank, on charge of selling

drugs to former patients of Dr. Arthur L.

Bunt, convicted drug vendor, went to jail yesterday after failing to appear in court to answer a \$3,500 bond after arraignment before United States Commissioner Mason. Shank's case

was continued until June 30.

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was continued until June 30.

WAY CLEARED FOR WIDENING 71ST STREET

Judge Hoover of the County court yesterday confirmed an order for the widening of East Seventy-first street from Stony Island avenue to South Shore boulevard. The avenue is to be 100 feet wide.

Property owners along the district

assessed for the improvement gave us

wonderful cooperation," said Frank I.

Bennett, commissioner of public works,

last night. "They turned in their property

valuations to the provost marshal general

for the valuation of figures that ex-

isted before the recent real estate boom

struck the district. Had they done

FABER STRIKES WINNING GAIT; TRIMS INDIANS

Holds Cleveland to 3
Hits in 4-1 Game;
Felsch Chased.

BY JAMES CRUSINBERRY.
Red Faber proved to all the fans of Cleveland, Dubuque, and Cascade that he is back in his regular stride when he went to the slab yesterday and trounced the Cleveland Indians neatly and precisely in the third game of the series. He had had a hard start, was unable to establish the proof, but the pitchers to establish the proof, but the machine began rolling, toward the finish of the combat, and won 4 to 1.

The Indians never should have scored

at the Cascade box, but a blunder of

the Indians in the stat of the me,

timed the opening for the one run.

Wagner started the show with a home run to Gandil and Red ran over to first base. He took the lead before Grancy was there, but Red's feet

gained to establish the proof, but the

double steal probably wouldn't have

gone through except for a bad peg by

Red's feet.

Three Hits Off Faber.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 22.—(Special.) Both the weather man and the Cubes

conspired to put a damper on the Hans

Wagner memorial here today, but the

home team foiled them by staging the

glad hand stuff and beating the alleys,

4 to 3, in 10 innings.

The Cubes scored all their runs in the

opening spasm, when it looked as if

they were going to drive Cooper back

to the tall timber. The three runs

registered in the onus-ought proved

enough for Al Demaree until the eighth,

when his support threw him down and

permitted the Pirates to knot the count.

It stopped them there until the tenth,

when a triple by Bigbee paved the way

to our defeat just ahead of a third in-

stallment of rain.

Not Like Chicago Turnout.

The parade and military doings in ad-

dition to the battle listened like Three

Evans' organ stuff by comparison with

the Chicago game, but it was related

both on the north and south sides.

The local militia proved raw rookies

compared to the pupils of Sergt. Smiley

of the White Sox company. He and Faber

might have convinced

in a great duel until sundown

if the Indians' defense hadn't cracked

in the seventh and allowed the Sox to

go to the front by one run. Lambeth

then gave up a home run to Wagner in the

eighth and Ed Kleiner came forth as

the hero. The Sox banged in two more

run by Big Ed, being helped by a wild

hit by Ed himself.

Looks Doubtless Until Sixth.

For the Indians it looked dubious for

the Sox and folks began to fear that

the undeserving run of the Indians

in the first would win the game. The

Sox nearly broke through the enemy's

deuce in the second, but Felsch was

cut down at the plate trying to score

from third on a bunt to the first base-

man. It was a close play, so close that

Hoppe furiously on the decision

and was put out of the game for his

ethicism.

The last Lambeth person settled into

a steady stride and for the next three

innings blanked the Sox, but in the

sixth walk out Eddie Collins crashed

into the wall and had to be carried

out with a smash to Chapman.

He slightly fumbled, just enough to

lose the chance for a play at the plate,

but he got his man at first, while Eddie

scored the couplet.

Pirates Tie the Score.

Demaree blanked the Pirates with

two hits from the first until the eighth.

Disaster came in the eighth. Deal tried

to make a one-handed play on Pitter's

bounder and failed. Bigbee bounded

one to Doyle, who tried for a double

and failed. Both benders were

scored as hits.

It was a rapid tie for both

with a one-handed play by way of sec-

ond. Harrison ruled Bigbee safe at

second and Wagner out at first. It

looked the other way. Brief was passed

intentionally, filling the bases and set-

ting the stage for a double play. Hinck-

man bumped a fast one to Deal for

the expected double killing, but for

the tie. Pitter, a double by Bigbee and

a single by the hero of the day made

the tie.

Finish of the Battle.

Defeat came in the tenth. Bigbee

led with a triple to right. It

was threatening to shower some more

so the Indians had to be held.

Wagner hit a single to right field.

Brief was passed intentionally, filling

the bases with none out. Then Vaughn

was put in to pitch, and after he had

warmed up, Wolter was put in center

in place of Williams. Hinckman sent

a hot one crashing at Merkle, who

blocked it, but could make no play, and

the game was over.

Chicago.

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DETROIT.

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FASHION'S
BLUE BOOK

LOOP FEATURE FILMS

ALCAZAR, 69 West Madison—"The Greatest Power," with Ethel Barrymore.
BIRDSCHOOL, Madison, near La Salle—"D. S.," with Richard Travers.
BLOOM DREAM, 114 South State—"The Queen Master," with Robert Warwick.
BOSTON, Clark, near Washington—"Princess," with Louise Huff and Jack Pickford.
CASINO, 55 West Madison—"Love Larry," with Kingsley Benedict.
CASTLE, State, near Madison—"The Melancholy of Harriet Hall," with Earle Williams and Dorothy Hall.
CHICAGO, State, near Harrison—"Romeo and Juliet," with Fay Arbuckle; musical comedy.
COLONIAL, Randolph, near State—"On Trial," with Alton Warren.
DEM, 450 South Madison—"A Son of the Gods," with Charlie Chaplin; seven acts of vaudeville.
KOZY, 40 South Clark—"Helen Grayson," with Irene Rich.
LA SALLE, Madison, near Clark—"The Deemster," with Dorment Hall Caine.
OPHEUM, State, near Monroe—"The Greatest Power," with Ethel Barrymore.
PARTNER, 66 West Madison—"A Bit of Love," with Jackie Saunders.
PLAYHOUSE, Michigan, near Van Buren—"The First of Rebellion," with Dorothy Phillips.
ROSE, 63 West Madison—"The Inner Shrine," with Marion Thompson; "The Immigrant," with Charlie Chaplin.
STUDERAKER, Michigan, near Van Buren—"The Submarine Eye," with Barbara La Marr.
THEATRUM, State, near Lake—"A Doll's House," with Dorothy Phillips.
U. S. MUSIC HALL, State, near Harrison—"The Burning Silence," burlesque.
WORLD, 61 West Randolph—"The Prince of Graustark," with Bryant Washburn.

Comment and
a Lament or Two

By Mae Tinte.

A REQUEST to "go up" with Ruth Law and scatter publicity matter for a certain picture failed to awaken response in this year's chicken heart. When I fly, as I hope to ultimately, believe me, the flight will be involuntary!

No visitors to this fair town this week. Let's hope they're saving up carfare for the movie convention! And while on the subject, some folks think that it will be a pretty mean trick if a lot of stars who are having no promise to come—don't come. We won't see them—not to be informed that they've called up over long distance and said "Hello" to a manager or somebody.

Week's best all around picture viewed "The Deemster." (Though many will disagree and hand the laurel wreath to "The Immigrant.")

Nine days having passed and the neighboring mealess having not caught us yet, we "ave 'op'.

Margaret Illington in "The Inner Shrine," with a fairly interesting story and a splendid supporting cast, proved conclusively, to me at least, that pictures are not her forte. She photographs verry badly and the charm that is undeniably hers, is completely lost in working for the camera.

Word came in yesterday that the Morrison hotel will this year be headquarters for exhibition attractions, including a trolley will be in constant use to carry the guests from the hotel to the Coliseum. Luncheons, banquets and a big movie hall are slated to be "pulled off."

They ask me what star I would suggest to lead the grand march. I ask you. Write and tell me your choice.

OLGA J. T. can, Olga, and it's no intrusion at all. Wallace Reid played Eric Trent in "To the Woman." You're entirely welcome.

Davidson's sister had been presented with a brand new maitre kitten. Every-

thing went well until he came stamping into the house after school and scared the kitten and it ran under the couch.

After trying to coax her out, without avail, he asked its name.

"Sister hasn't named her kitty yet," his mother informed him, and he replied,

"Well, let's hurry up and name her, then I can call her out from beneath that couch."

S. A. P.

Marian's mother frequently played

games with her while doing the morning tasks, including the little girl, without interrupting her own work. One

morning after a visit to the zoo, Marian

asked to play "monkey," and her

mother laughingly answered, "All right, I'll be the monkey, while I dust. Now

what shall I do?"

"O, no, I'll be the monkey," said

Marian, "and you has to go buy

peanuts to feed me first."

D. N.

BOBBY CONNELLY

And Emmett Corrigan, Reading Down The Cunning Vitagraph Star and the Intelligent Pup Are Never Far Apart.



Moody Photo

The Successful
Home Garden

This department will appear daily and Sunday in "The Tribune." Inquiries from readers desiring through the Tribune to make a yard needed to determine the cost of land should be addressed to The Garden Editor.

By J. F. H. HEIDE.

Article 109.

SOON NOW—Green and wax pod beans, pole beans, garden beets, half long garden carrots, Swiss chard, early corn, cucumbers, summer endive, leek, head lettuce, melons, late peas, pumpkins, icicle radishes, New Zealand spinach, and early varieties of the following in seed bed for late "catch crops": Brussels sprouts, kohlrabi, and kale.

TRANSPLANT NOW—Early cabbage, radish, and late red cabbage, Savoy cabbage, midday and late cauliflower, self-blanching or green celery, eggplant, kohlrabi, head lettuce, okra, peppers, rutabaga, and tomatoes.

Lettuce Culture.

(Continued from yesterday.)

Owing to its quickness of maturing, lettuce is well adapted to intercropping wherever a little vacant space occurs, and between rows or plants of slowly maturing vegetables. In fact, no bed should ever be given over entirely to the quickly maturing crops (lettuce, radish, etc.) except in early spring.

When quick germination of lettuce is essential, the seed should be soaked over night in warm water just before sowing.

Head lettuce may be induced, by special treatment, to retain its best quality even in midsummer. It is then sown in a rich, mellow, well worked seedling bed and transplanted, when two leaves have formed, to two inches apart in the rows, still four inches between rows. Two to three weeks later it is again transplanted; this time to a rich, well worked bed in the open garden. The entire ground around the seedlings is then covered to a depth of one and a half to two inches, with any available mulching, preferably partly decomposed horse manure.

In the absence of rain during the hot months it is essential that the lettuce be watered evening twice a week. This prevents the plants from running to seed and insures tender and larger heads.

Cos lettuce has a flavor resembling celery. It is a good substitute for radish leaves. The culture is the same as that of other head lettuce, but it matures fully two weeks earlier. It is distinctly a spring crop and cannot be grown during hot weather.

Willie was riding in a street car with his mother. In the seat back of them was a man relating in a rather loud voice to a companion the story of some boyhood escapade. Willie, twisting around, listened to the recital with open mouth. The mother, on approaching her destination, rose to get off the car, startling Willie by the hand, but Willie would not budge.

"Why, Willie, what's the matter? We must get off here!" exclaimed the mother.

"I don't want to get off," cried the boy, "till I hear the end of the story!"

R. P.

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peanuts to feed me first."

D. N.

Bright Sayings
of the Children

"The Tribune" will pay \$1 for each childlike saying printed. The only condition is that the story must never have been printed in any magazine or paper. Write on one side of the paper only. It is not possible to acknowledge or return unvaluable contributions. Address bright sayings to Andy Lee, "Tribune," Chicago.

Tribune Cook Book.

All recipes have been scientifically tested by Miss Eddington with current market materials and are indexed by her.

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

A Food Table.

Following the letter printed yes-

terday came another asking for a

food chart of a certain sort. I do

not know that one exists that

states the matter in as condensed a way

and as simply as I can state it in a

table made for a hoped-to-be ready cook

book I have partly made with the head-

ing "The Day's Ration."

It is a table for a man or a small man

living an indoor life who will need about

2,000 food units or calories a day. Note

what portions you would get from the

following by dividing the number of

food units by the part of a pound you

eat:

THE DAY'S PUER.

Food units per lb.

Pure fats like olive oil.....\$1.00

Lard, butter, cream, etc.....\$0.60

Fat salt pork.....\$0.80

Fat bacon, about.....\$0.60

Mixed fats.....\$0.60

Nuts, from 2,400 to.....\$1.00

Wheat, rice, corn, etc.....\$0.60

Walnuts, average.....\$2.85

Cheese, American, over.....\$0.60

Meats.....

Beef, marrow, fat, lean quarter.....\$1.20

Ham, bacon, etc.....\$0.85

Fat chuck rib.....\$1.20

Meats may drop as low as.....\$0.25

Eggs.....\$0.720

Carbohydrates.....

Flour, sugar, etc.....\$0.60

Baking, dates, dried fruit.....\$0.60

Starchy foods—all the grains.....\$0.60

Starches mixed with protein—dried beans and peas; average a little over.....\$0.60

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D. N.

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MASS OF MEN, ALL FOR ONE, ONE FOR ALL, NEED IN WAR

Large Numbers of Troops
and Co-ordination
Necessary.

BY COL. HENRY J. REILLY.

(THIRTY-FOURTH ARTICLE.)
In the preceding article it was shown that, due primarily to Great Britain's failure to adopt universal service prior to the war, the allies were unable to put enough troops into Belgium and Northern France in the fall of 1914 to flank the Germans out of France, or failing that, at least to prevent the fall of Antwerp and the occupation of most of Belgium, and particularly the coast line, which has furnished submarine and destroyer bases for the enemy ever since.

Also it was brought out that for the same reason the offensive movement started by our allies to outflank the enemy on the line of the Aisne in September ended in their being put on the defensive.

At this critical point the great advantage of the use of large numbers at one time was shown by the fact that the enemy was compelled to stop his attacks in the western theater of war and transfer large numbers of his troops to the eastern front in order to stop the advance of the Russians.

Necessity for Large Numbers.

This successful Russian advance not only illustrates the necessity for large numbers, if decisive results are to be produced, but also shows that opera-

LABOR NOTES

Union Workers Asked to Support Red Cross.

An appeal to organized labor in Chicago in behalf of the Red Cross is made in an editorial of yesterday's issue of the Chicago Labor News.

"The war is a fact," reads the editorial. "Whether or not it is just, and no man who is loyal to his country has any right to raise the question at this time."

Progress toward effecting a settlement of the wage controversies between street car and L. & N. operating employees and the two transportation companies is hoped to be made at conferences to be held today.

Every public school teacher in the city has been asked by the Chicago Teachers' federation for a contribution of \$5, to make up to the federation teachers dropped under the L. & N. rule a loss of \$500 each during the period they were off the pay roll.

Support of members of the waiters and bartenders' union in their strike at the Bismarck hotel and gardens has been promised by the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' and Bartenders' International League of America.

tions in different theaters of war must be coordinated.

Had the maximum Russian pressure arrived the last of December, 1914, or in January, 1915, thus giving the enemy time to continue his attacks in what was commonly called the drive on Calais, or the first battle of Ypres, the probabilities are that he would have succeeded in occupying part of the north coast of France, as well as the coast of Belgium.

This would have given him a base from which he would have had direct access to the British channel. This would have meant a great difference to his submarines, which now must either go around to the north of the British islands to reach the channel or else take the voyage through the narrow waters between Dover and Calais.

which are now entirely under the control of our allies.

Also, this would have made a great difference in the communications of the British army with Britain. At the present time they are on the shortest line from the British front in France to England. With the Northern French coast cut off, the British army would have been much longer and, necessarily, much more dangerous.

On the other hand, had the maximum Russian pressure been reached in September, the enemy would not have been able to have kept enough troops in France and Belgium to have met the flanking movement of our allies, and also to capture Antwerp.

This undoubtedly would have meant that he would have had to retire at least to the French frontier and to the line of the Meuse in Belgium.

When the enemy withdrew their troops and guns from the French front in the fall of 1914 in order to reinforce their Russian front, they had but one desire, and that was to remain quietly on the defensive in France and Southern Belgium and not be attacked. Therefore, the one thing to do was to attack them.

Reserves Used Up.

However, to do that numbers of troops were necessary. What was left of the Belgian army was badly in need of reorganization and reequipment, due to the unmerciful handling they had received at the hands of the superior enemy forces.

The British troops which had taken part in the retreat from Mons to the Marne, the battle of the Marne, and the subsequent advance to the Aisne and the battle along the Aisne had been transferred to the north and used in the battle of Ypres, without ever having had a real chance for reorganization and reequipment.

The regular troops which had arrived from time to time from India, Egypt, Malta, and other points were the whole badly used up by the battles of Ypres. Such reserves for the regular army as had existed prior to the war were largely used up by these two campaigns.

The territorial, which corresponded in general to our national guard in this country, had not been considered, with the exception of a few of the best battalions, as fit for field service in France. Also quite a number had been sent to India and other colonies to relieve the

regular troops for service in Europe.

As, their total number on the outbreak of war was about 250,000, the number available to reinforce the British army in November, 1914, was not considerable. The new armies were hardly beyond the planning stage.

While the French had been equipping as rapidly as possible a large force of their reservists and forming them into new units, a good many of these units had been used in the flanking movement with the result that it is to be doubted if the total number available made a sufficient reserve to justify a general attack during the winter of 1914-15.

Thus, just as at the beginning of the war, the lack of man power available for immediate use in battle gave the enemy the opportunity to attack France while resting on the defensive against Russia; the same lack in the winter of 1914-15 gave her the opportunity to rest on the defensive in France while attacking Russia.

PRIVATE BANKS MEASURE SIGNED BY GOV. LOWDEN

Springfield, Ill., June 22.—[Special.]—The state-wide private banks bill is now up to the voters of the state. Gov. Lowden signed the Buck-Austin measure today, and it becomes a law if adopted by a referendum vote of the people at the November election in 1918.

Gov. Lowden also signed the Dailey "absent voters" bill, and it becomes a law July 1. This is the law which has been demanded for many years by the travelling salesmen and the railroad employees whose duties usually take them away from home on election days.

Fight or Give

Mandel Brothers

Costume shop, fourth floor

Uncommon value characterizes a group of

misses' jersey silk suits
in new sports model—27.50

They're in such fashionable shades as beige, rose, gold, maize, green, copenhagen, magenta and purple, and will be eagerly selected for country club, sports and general out-door wear.



Mandel Brothers

Second floor

In our new sports clothes section, second floor.

Men's golf suits
of Scotch tweeds
—timely purchase—



at \$15

Two-piece suits (with long trousers or knickers) of all-wool mixed tweeds. Models: "Fres play," "St. Andrews," "Evans" and "Gardiner."

Other golf suits, 18.50 to 32.50. All sizes. Alterations gratis.

Palm beach or tweed knickers, 3.50 to 7.50. These with buckle and strap, or cuff and buttons.

Men's snappy sports coats, \$12 to 16.75

Rainy day weatheralls, light weight, model specially designed for golfers, \$6.

Men's golf clothing made to measure—embodiment any suggestion you may have for ease and comfort in playing.

"If I can't get to investigate the conduct of the investigation," Olson said.

"You may say that whose only duty is to prove the character that you want it to be to the investigation. The Judge Olson in his Gemmill's latest letter to the citizens was in case, but not in the case. Following the ball's case, twenty-three ex-

discharged by Co-

Drake Lea
Children

Committees are
been appointed
league to super-
the municipal
gut. Plays are
given and story
classes are to be
held on the
patronesses will
Sen. Mrs. John
Charles H. Seng
and Mrs. A. Star

200 Merchants
Retailers

Nearly 200 men
outside the
La Salle
Chicago Retailers
R. Chase, in
campaign, told
duty to organiza-
through poor man-
systems, fake ad-
lition. The re-
of P. W. Harde

"Lost Girl
to F...

Chief of Detec-
tive detail
detective head-
girl squad." To
do to investi-
gation. Three girls
They are Helen
years old, 2223
Catherine Ostro
22nd place.

Prof. Breed
Accep...

Ann Arbor, Mi.
Frederick S. B.
professor of edu-
Michigan, in
similar position
of the Univer-
Breed will assu-
in the fall. He
captured today by

Watch Us Grow!

Any sound, sensible business proposition that delivers high quality at a saving, is bound to prosper—watch us grow! Any store that adds \$5 to \$15 to the value of a suit by cutting the frills and wastes out of retailing will have a legion of followers—watch us grow!

\$25

This store is doing the unusual. It is giving you \$30 to \$40 clothes at \$25. It is doing business in the plain, simple, inexpensive way so that it can give you supreme value. Our clothes are all hand tailored—our fabrics are all distinctive and durable. Our styles are attractive and correct. Why don't you wear Marden \$30 to \$40 suits at \$25?

MARDEN

Exclusive Clothes for Young Men

116 So. Michigan Boulevard—Second Floor.
LAKEVIEW BLDG.,
Between Adams and Monroe.



116 So. Michigan Boulevard—Second Floor.
LAKEVIEW BLDG.,
Between Adams and Monroe.

Just in from Belfast, Ireland:

Men's linen handkerchiefs

— "seconds" — at 15c

500 dozen plain, hemstitched handkerchiefs, and 200 dozen initialed handkerchiefs; all of pure Irish linen; the imperfections very slight. 15c an extremely low quotation in view of soaring linen prices.

First floor.



Misses' voile or swiss blouses, \$2

— plain voile or dotted swiss developed in distinctively new models—2 here pictured. 16, 18, 20 years.

Second floor.



Misses' voile or swiss blouses, \$2

— plain voile or dotted swiss developed in distinctively new models—2 here pictured. 16, 18, 20 years.

Second floor.



Crib or carriage
quilts at 1.95

Silk quilts—all one color
lined in contrasting colors
well quilted and very
practical.

Second floor.

Mandel Brothers
Second floor

Men's golf suits
Scotch tweeds
timely purchase



at \$15

two-piece suits (with long
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Men's golf clothing
made to measure
embodiment any sug-
gestion you may have for
use and comfort in play-
ing.

Second floor

Foreign
Shops

—premier atelier of
merchandise exclusive
and unique; much
that's seasonable for
gifts.

Ninth floor

Mandel Brothers
Subway store

Featuring a direct
importation of
baby bunting
of silk, 3.95

hand embroidered bunting
in white, lined with blue or
pink; or in dainty pink or
blue—some combined with
white.

200 Merchants Launch
Retailers' Association

Nearly 200 merchants, mostly from
outside the loop, lunched yesterday
at the La Salle hotel and launched the
Chicago Retailers' Association. H. Van
C. Chase, in charge of the membership
campaign, told them that it was their
aim to organize to stop the leaks
through poor merchandising, bad credit
systems, fake advertising, and evil legis-
lation. The retailers were the guests
of W. Hardcastle, president.

GEMMILL ASKED
TO WRITE DOWN
HIS ACCUSATIONS

And on Tuesday Judges
Will Consider the
Evidence.

A recess has been called in the epistolary and verbal warfare between Judge William N. Gemmill and the whole Municipal court, including Chief Justice Harry Olson and Chief Bailiff Anton J. Ornak.

Not Tuesday the hymns of charge
and counter charge are to be resumed.

Gemmill is expected to go "over the top" against the chief bailiff. If the charges are substantiated, a merry, if melancholy time is expected.

Gemmill reiterates he will make good his allegation or resign.

"I've got the goods," he says. "I've got a pile of letters that'll blow 'em out of the water."

Meet with Olson.

Twenty judges of the Municipal court—
more than the number necessary for a quorum—met in the office of the old justice yesterday. Included in that number were the six "upright and upright minded judges" desired by Judge Gemmill as a special committee to investigate his charge of graft in the six "mined" ones, unanimously passed resolutions of confidence in the legally constituted committees on behalf of which Mr. Cernak is chief.

Judge Olson considers that reflection
was cast on this committee by Judge
Gemmill when he requested the special
committee. The standing committees
consist of Judges Stell, Fry, and Hayes.

The feeling between Judge Gemmill and
Judge Stell has not been overcordial.

Gemmill Not on Hand.

To the meeting of the entire body of
judges, called together to take up Judge
Gemmill's charges, the accuser was spe-
cially invited. He did not come. After
voting the resolution of confidence, the
judges adjourned in order to direct Judge
Gemmill to present in writing the
charge he proposes to make and to
present it to the chief justice not later
than 8 o'clock a. m. next Tuesday. The
meeting then adjourned to 2 o'clock
a. m. next Tuesday, when Judge Gem-
mill's written charges will be taken up.

Judge Gemmill has not indicated
whether he will present his charges in
his name.

"If I can't get the committee I want
to investigate the bailiff's office, I'll con-
duct the investigation myself," he said.

Golson's Latest.

"You say that I want a committee
whose duty shall be to receive the
complaints of the public, and that
you want a committee which does not
shall be to thoroughly and fearlessly
investigate the bailiff's office," wrote
Judge Olson in his latest reply to Judge
Gemmill's latest reply to Judge Olson's
test to date reply to Judge Gemmill's
previous letter.

"I have no occasion to make such
charges, and they are insulting to me," he
said. "I am a justice. I have not
the last ten years been asked to investi-
gate any just complaint. I have not
presented a complaint against you for
investigation, to the judges. Your meth-
ods of straightforwardness must have intim-
idated them, because the complaint of
the citizens was laid on the table in that
case, but not with my consent."

Following the meeting of the judges,
the 200 committee interviewed
twenty-three ex-bailiffs who had been
discharged by Cernak.

Drama League to Conduct
Children's Story Hours

Committees and professional directors
have been appointed by the Drama
League to supervise children's hours at
the municipal theater during July and Au-
gust. Plays and pageants are to be
given and there will be pantomime
dances to be held. The first party
will be held on Monday, July 2. The
patronesses will be Mrs. Frank O. Low-
der, Mrs. John T. McCutcheon, Mrs.
Charles H. Sargent, Mrs. L. A. Walton,
and Mrs. A. Starr Best.

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aim to organize to stop the leaks
through poor merchandising, bad credit
systems, fake advertising, and evil legis-
lation. The retailers were the guests
of W. Hardcastle, president.

*Lost Girl Squad" Formed
to Find the Missing*

Chief of Detectives James M. Mooney
yesterday detailed three detectives of
detective headquarters to act as a "hot
spot squad." The men will have nothing
to do but investigate disappearances of
girls. Three girls disappeared yesterday.
They are Helen Petting, 18 years old,
900 South State street; Ida Shapiro, 16
years old, 2223 West Taylor street; and
Catherine Ostroff, 17 years old, 109 West
Twelfth place.

Prof. Breed of Michigan
Accepts Position Here

Alma Arbor, Mich., June 22.—(Special.)—
Professor Stephen Breed, assistant
professor of education of the University
of Michigan, has resigned to accept a
similar position at the school of education
of the University of Chicago. Prof.
Breed will assume his duties at Chicago
in the fall. His resignation was ac-
cepted today by the regents.

Crib or carriage
quilts at 1.95
Silk quilts—all one color or
lined in contrasting colors
well quilted and very
practical.

Second floor

TILLIE ZICK'S
CRUELTY STORY
WINS A DIVORCE

Judge Thomson yesterday said he
would grant Mrs. Sybil M. Borach,
whose stage name is Tillie Zick, a di-
vorce from Lewis Borach, who acts under
the name of Lew Brice.

Mrs. Borach said his numerous attacks
were largely responsible for the death of
her child, who lived only a few hours
after birth.

"My husband's favorite trick was to
hold my hands and bite my face," she
said.

They slept and were married in San
Antonio. Her mother had the wedding
annulled. They were married again in
1915.

Rosenheimer's Death Due
to Anesthesia, Jury Finds

An inquest was held today in the death
of L. D. Rosenheimer, Wilmette,
who died in the Chicago Eye, Ear, Nose
and Throat hospital yesterday while
under an anesthetic. The jury returned
a verdict that death resulted from an
operation preparatory to an operation. Pre-
ceding Mr. Rosenheimer's death a call
was made for the pulmotor used by fly-
ing squad No. 1 and the firemen made a
record run through the loop. Their
effort was in vain, however. Mr. Ro-
senheimer died near death for the
pulmotor which had failed him.

Aid: Firemen plan to ask the council
to adopt "more modern respirators."

Woman Coal Picker on
Tracks Killed by Train

Mrs. Clara Frana, 60 years old, 500
West Eighteenth street, was killed yes-
terday when run over by a passenger
train while picking up coal on the Rock
Island tracks at West Thirteenth street.

Aid: Firemen plan to ask the council
to adopt "more modern respirators."

Uncle Sam might mobilize the "sense" of the nation as well as the dollars.

The Tim Tribune.

THE WORLD'S SWEEETEST NEWSPAPER

VOL. — JUNE 23, 1917 — NO. 72

WE PREPARE

NOT MUCH HELP.

THE BIG IF IN JEE.

SECTION

RED CROSS
FOR
CONTROVERSY
TAKEN HERE

IF I WERE
ONLY A YOUNG
MAN, SO I
COULD HELP
MY COUNTRY

BLOOD TRANSFUSION.

RUSSIA

GOING TO PUT 'IM ON HIS FEET.

ORRO EDITOR

COMICS
UNCLE TOM'S GABBIN'

WHY ARE BEAUTIFUL
WOMEN LIKE TWO MEN
TWO PAIR MILES

BECAUSE THEY
FASCINATE
EASTEN EIGHT

\$12 Added to Fund for
Sufferers in Mattoon

The following subscriptions to The
Tribune fund for the Mattoon cyclone
sufferers were received yesterday: E.
C. M., \$5; a sympathizer, \$1; S. F.
Adams, \$2; and Mrs. J. W. Williamson,
\$2. This brings the total to \$4,624.

SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1917.

A PLEA FOR THE CADDY



TOO OFTEN THE GOLFER
REGARDS A CADDY LIKE
THIS. TOO OFTEN HE
TREATS THE CADDY AS HE
WOULD AN ANIMAL INSTEAD
AS A HUMAN BEING.

WRITE A SLOGAN
TO GO ON VAST
NAVY PAINTING

They Who Run Will
Have No Trouble
Reading It.

John Paul Jones said: "We've just
begun to fight."

Antonite Farragut said: "Damn the
opposition, I'm not afraid."

Antonite Donnelly yesterday advised
a correspondent, Tootsy, to cut her
sons straight across. Uncounted readers
have rushed letters in protest. Miss Don-
nelly meant toenails.

Contest for Young Men.

The painting was completed yester-
day and was admired not only by many
of the thousands who passed the sign on
foot and in automobiles, but by artists
who marveled that so fine a work of
art could be created on so large a scale. The
contest for slogan will be for ten
days and the award will be announced
July 4. Only men between 17 and 25
will be eligible for the prizes.

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Contest for Young Men.

The painting was completed yester-
day and was admired not only by many
of the thousands who passed the sign on
foot and in automobiles, but by artists
who marveled that so fine a work of
art could be created on so large a scale. The
contest for slogan will be for ten
days and the award will be announced
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4% On Par
3% Net Investment
Brown Oil Shares

Books close Monday, June 25, for regular 2% monthly dividend. To participate in this disbursement, mail order once, or telegraph our office before Monday noon. Telegraph our expense, sending our remittance by first mail. All remittances covering telegraph orders must be postmarked before midnight, Monday, June 25.

PROPERTIES

The Crown Oil Company, during the past few weeks, has increased its properties from slightly over 51,000 acres to over than 60,000 acres, and out the famous Irvine field in Kentucky. Only about 1% of these vast properties is at present developed.

PRODUCTION

The Company has nearly doubled its production within a few weeks. Four rigs are kept working practically night and day, and new wells are being brought in" at the rate of about one new well each week. This rate will probably be increased to about two wells per week, since the Company has decided to double its drilling equipment.

DIVIDENDS

Regular dividends of 2% per month are now being paid, or the rate of 24% per annum "par" - a 16% per annum return on present price of shares \$1.50 each.

Owing to the greatly increased production, the Company is in position to pay extra dividends, and we confidently expect that an additional 1% will be paid, making a rate of 24% per annum on par, or 24% on present price. As additional wells are brought in, even larger distribution of profits is expected.

The Company has increased the number of wells during the last six weeks from 8 to 23 wells.

MARKET

We expect a very active market at around \$3 per share or higher for Crown Oil stock on the New York Curb at an early date.

In view of the very large investment interest already created in Crown-Oil, we anticipate the withdrawal of the \$1.50 price at an early date, and earnestly advise immediate purchase, so as to take advantage of the present low price, and so to share in the dividend to be paid to stockholders of record in 25th.

Wire your orders at our expense, letting your remittance allow by first mail.

Send \$1,500 for 1,000 shares, \$50 for 500 shares, \$150 for 100 shares, etc.

Make all remittances payable to

Metropolitan
Securities Co.,
So. Dearborn St., Chicago.

SUBSCRIPTION C. T.
METROPOLITAN SECURITIES CO.
So. Dearborn St., Chicago

Gentlemen: I enclose \$5.00 for shares Crown Oil Company, all paid and non-assessable, at \$1.50 per share. Also send prospectus.

Address

SALES MANAGER
WANTED

A thoroughly sound Truck and Automobile Company, organized by powerful group of western investors and achieving definite success, will appoint experienced stock sales manager. Must Chicago and vicinity. Must have ability to organize a high-grade men. An effective literary campaign will produce leads. While commissions are not high, owing to rigorous sales, are greater in volume. Experienced motor stock sales preferred. Secretarial company now here, will meet applicants personally. All replies in strict confidence. Address C H 95, Tribune.

Evenings 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.
Graham & Sons, Bankers
Interest Paid on Savings Accounts
681 West Madison Street

MAURER & HALL
ADJUSTERS OF
RE LOSSES FOR THE PEOPLE
5 W. Jackson Blvd., Tel. Wabash 3802

SHARP ADVANCE
IN CORN MARKET
ON EXPORT CALL

Additional Sales Made to
6 Abroad; Wheat Up
Materially.

STYLOMETER OF WHEAT
PRICES FOR CHICAGO

Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 21	22	21	21	20.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 22	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 23	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 24	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 25	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 26	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 27	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 28	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 29	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 30	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 31	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 32	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 33	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 34	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 35	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 36	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 37	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 38	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 39	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 40	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 41	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 42	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 43	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 44	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 45	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 46	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 47	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 48	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 49	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 50	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 51	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 52	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 53	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 54	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 55	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 56	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 57	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 58	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 59	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 60	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 61	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 62	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 63	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 64	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 65	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 66	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 67	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 68	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 69	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 70	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 71	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 72	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 73	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 74	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 75	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 76	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 77	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 78	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 79	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 80	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 81	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 82	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 83	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 84	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 85	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 86	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 87	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 88	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 89	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 90	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 91	21	20	20.50	-.50
Open	High	Low	Close	Chg.
July 92	21	20	20	

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.
SALES CORRESPONDENT.
COP. WRITER.

Exp. able, successful, wants a bigger job. If you have the job and want to be shown, address G 107, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. MR. BUSINESS MAN.

Wanted, fidelity, integrity, and a clean record of 15 yrs.

Experience in a position of trust, count with me. If you have the job, write for such a man.

Address J 838, Tribune.

MILITARY EXEMPT

Exp. able, reliable, capable, desires young man, 22 years, to be employed, 12 yrs. references. Address H 106, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. EXPERT AND CASHIER, WITH RELIABLE FIRM.

Ability and integrity are recognized for advancement and promotion. Good references furnished. Age 28 yrs.; will leave 1st of August. Address J 108, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. COLLEGE GRADUATE.

Exp. in purchasing or sales dept.; experience in a position of trust, count with me. If you have the job, write for such a man.

Address F 163, Tribune.

YOUNG BUSINESS MAN

desires to represent another manufacturer or jobber in Milwaukee. Please address at once.

SITUATION WTD. BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, 10 yrs. varied exp. C. P. A. exam. Competent take full charge of accounts and expenses. Address H 208, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. CORRESPONDENT.

Exp. in purchasing or sales dept.; live progressive man of 32. Address D 181, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. PERMANENT CLERICAL POSITION; 24 years old, high school graduate, wants a permanent position as bookkeeper. Address J 434, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. EXPERT BOOKKEEPER AND ACCOUNTANT, 11 years, good references; and experience. Address J 415, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. TIMEKEEPER, MATHEMATICIAN, construction or other outside work; can leave city. Address H 101, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. MARRIED MAN, NEAT APPEARANCE, WITH CERICAL, 25 yrs. exp. Address J 444, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. MARRIED, 22 yrs. exp. Exp. as timekeeper, not patrol, and general office work. Not afraid of hard work.

SITUATION WTD. YOUNG MAN, FINANCIAL AND BANKING EXP.; employed; bonded; good references. Address H 262, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. BOOKKEEPER OR ASST. 8 yrs. exp.; married; rapid ref.; sal. \$100. Address F 172, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. YOUNG MAN, AGED 19, exp. bookkeeper or clerk; 2 years experience. Address J 211, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. BOOKKEEPER, CLERK, STENO, AND MEDICAL SECRETARY; competent; good references. Address F 122, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. BOOKKEEPER, ACTS, 15 yrs. exp.; age 35. Address E 122, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. YOUNG MAN, 23 YEARS OLD, AS GENERAL OFFICE MAN; 6 yrs. exp.

SITUATION WTD. COMPETENT OFFICE MAN; 50 yrs. older; accurate best refs.; no exp. Address J 27, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. MAN, 31 YEARS BKPF; employed at present; wants same line of work. Address J 304, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. YOUNG MAN, WELL KNOWN IN CHICAGO. Address J 567, Tribune.

Professions and Trades.

MACHINE SHOP FOREMAN

or sup't. A 1 in all particular; only a high grade position considered. Address J 267, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. ACCOUNTANT, AUDITING; factor cost systems a specialty; responsible. Phone Stewart 3310 or address Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. SYSTEMS INSTALLED, supervised. AUDIT, books, closed, open, kept, with good refs. Address J 170, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. BOOKS OPENED, closed, balanced. Address F 297, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. BOOKS AUDITED AND KEPT, publ. act. General 1810.

SITUATION WTD. BOOKS AUDITED AND KEPT, publ. act. General 1810.

SITUATION WTD. BOOKS OPEN, CLOSED, KEPT, DRAINED, ETC. Address J 563, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. AUDITORS, SYSTEMS books open, etc. Phone Hyde Park 7841.

Executives and Managers.

SITUATION WANTED, EXECUTIVE.

BY A MAN OF BROAD BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, INCLUDING BANKING, SYSTEMATIZING, AND MANAGING, FOR GENERAL MANAGEMENT OF A VERY BIG BUSINESS.

AN MARRIED, 34 YEARS OF AGE, AND UNLIMITED REFERENCES FROM BANKS, AND A BUSINESS OF HIGH CALIBER, ONLY A PERMANENT CONNECTION WITH AN ESTABLISHED COMPANY, FOR ADVANCEMENT WILL BE CONSIDERED. ADDRESS J 183, TRIBUNE.

SITUATION WTD. CLEAN CUT, YOUNG MAN, 22 years old, desire to go into advertising, wants a position with good references; wants to attain position of sales manager or advertising manager. EXP. IN TAKING CARE OF OFFICE DETAILS; RESULTS-PRODUCING. Address J 190, Tribune.

RESPONDENT; PUBLICITY, ETC.

Address J 190, Tribune.

MANAGER.

23 years old, married, seeks position with established advertising concern or advertising department in large wholesale, manufacturing, or retail business; wants to go into a magazine, novelty, agency, house organ, product, and program advertising. Address H 606, Tribune.

SALES SPECIALIST.

A high grade, experienced executive, with twelve years' experience in advertising, formulating sales policies, and the like, to be engaged in advertising, offer sales services, an advertising and distribution office. You will take complete charge of your sales and promotional work. Your initial consultation involves no cost or obligation. Address J 545, Tribune.

MANAGER.

Present partner in live real estate and banking firm desires connection with manufacturer or distributor where he can eventually purchase an interest. He can eventually purchase a capable of handling men under all conditions. Address J 314, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. MAN, 31, SINGLE; sales manager or executive position; have traveled extensively. Good references. Address E 180, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. WHERE PRACTICAL, PRACTICAL DEPARTMENT manager.

Concern, 6 yrs. general office exp. 5 yrs. com. exp. Address J 314, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. HOUSEMAN, MIDDLE CLASS; exp. Swedish, pri. Am. family, city or sub. Address J 314, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. JAPAN'S FIRST.

1st class cook, fancy good refs.; S. M. 50c per hour. Address F 182, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. ELECTRICIAN, MAINLY D. C. solar, able to repair. Address J 563, Tribune.

MACHINE DESIGNING.

H. H. HOOD, 110 S. Dearborn.

SITUATION WTD. LICENSED ENGINEER; exp. tech. training exp. Address H 70, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDENT; former refs.; cal. estimate, MURRAY, Lincoln 4360.

SITUATION WTD. STAINLESS FOREMAN, WOOD working, 10 yrs. exp. Address C 343, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. PLUMBER, JANITOR; exp. 8 yrs. Address J 334, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. JUNIOR MEDICAL STUDENT, college grad. Address K 104, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. ELECTRICIAN, MAINLY D. C. solar, able to repair. Address J 563, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD. PLUMBER, 1ST CLASS; exp. 10 yrs. Address C 172, Tribune.

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SITUATION WTD. PLUMBER, 1ST CLASS; exp. 10 yrs. Address C 172, Tribune.

STATE FOR SALE
CENTRAL

AND 31 N. MARKET-
ST. 100 ft. wide, price \$100,000.
This property or take
a portion of it, will be elevated
on a hill. Price \$100,000.

DIANA CORNER CHASE, EN-
tire property for investment for
Admiral, Address Q 378, Trib-

EATS-SOUTH SIDE.

MAPLEDALE THROUGH CIL-
LARK, BLDG. COR. 100 ft. by 100
ft. 3 stories, 3 bath, 3 rooms.
MAY 100 ft. by 100 ft. 3 stories.
Address C 422, Tribune.

LOTS-1 AND CALUMET AV-
erage 40x100 ft. 2 stories, 2 rooms.
Annual rent \$10,000. Rent
would be paid trade. J. K.
Bav. 6554.

PROPERTY-SOUTH SIDE.

MAPLEDALE THROUGH CIL-
LARK, BLDG. COR. 100 ft. by 100
ft. 3 stories, 3 bath, 3 rooms.
MAY 100 ft. by 100 ft. 3 stories.
Address C 422, Tribune.

LOTS-EXCHANGE-1 FLAT-
40x125 ft. 50x100 ft. 3 stories.
Annual rent \$2,200. Rent
would be paid trade. J. K.
Bav. 6554.

LOTS-100000 CASH INVESTED IN
100 ft. by 100 ft. at popular
investment. Easy mort.

719 E. 65th. Went 37.

REAL BARGAIN-4725 75 ft.
75 ft. 3 rooms each; steam

COCHRAN & CLAVER.
4th December.

AM PINCHED FOR \$1,000
mortgage at your price my 3
sons and I have \$10,000.00
to use. I am at Oakland 1003.

ADITION-100000 CASH APT-
RENT \$4,800. Rent \$4,800.
\$20,000. equity \$4,000.
Booms 1465, W. W. Wash-

ing.

IT SACRIFICE-12 APART-
ments; annual rental \$10,000.
Best or best cash offer. Address

ODERN BRICK 2 APT-
900 ft. by 100 ft. 3 stories.

FLAT-RENT, \$2,640; ONE-
bedroom, \$1,000; two-bed-
room, \$1,200; inc. heat, inc.
rent. W. T. BROS. 118 7th st.

RENTAL-100000 COLD
STEEL-6 ft. by 6 ft. by 6 ft.
RENTAL-EXHIBIT-100000 CASH
RENTAL-100000 CASH INVEST-
MENT-70000 CASH INVEST-
MENT.

BUY IN HAMILTON PARK

NOT HAMILTON PARK BUT BEAUTY

OF THE WOODS; single or 2
or 3 or 4 flat. Tel. Stewart 7893.

FLAT-BARGAIN-100000 CASH APT-
RENT \$4,800. Rent \$4,800.
\$20,000. equity \$4,000.
Booms 1465, W. W. Wash-

ing.

IT SACRIFICE-12 APART-
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RENTAL-100000 COLD
STEEL-6 ft. by 6 ft. by 6 ft.
RENTAL-EXHIBIT-100000 CASH
RENTAL-100000 CASH INVEST-
MENT-70000 CASH INVEST-
MENT.

FLAT, RENTAL-100000 CASH INVEST-
MENT.

IT SACRIFICE-12 APART-
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Best or best cash offer. Address

ODERN BRICK 2 APT-
900 ft. by 100 ft. 3 stories.

FLAT-RENT, \$2,640; ONE-
bedroom, \$1,000; two-bed-
room, \$1,200; inc. heat, inc.
rent. W. T. BROS. 118 7th st.

RENTAL-100000 COLD
STEEL-6 ft. by 6 ft. by 6 ft.
RENTAL-EXHIBIT-100000 CASH
RENTAL-100000 CASH INVEST-
MENT-70000 CASH INVEST-
MENT.

FLAT-BARGAIN-100000 CASH APT-
RENT \$4,800. Rent \$4,800.
\$20,000. equity \$4,000.
Booms 1465, W. W. Wash-

ing.

IT SACRIFICE-12 APART-
ments; annual rental \$10,000.
Best or best cash offer. Address

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